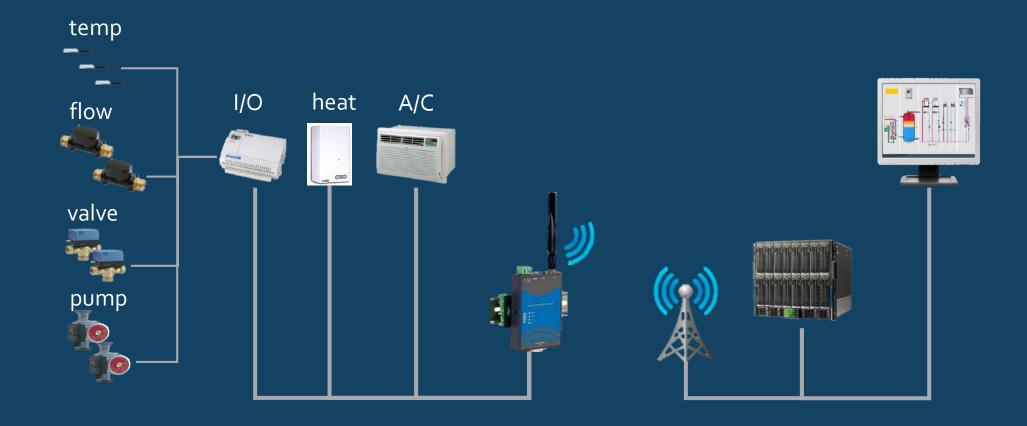
oneM2M Industry Day Memphis, TN, July 12th 2017 Dr. Josef J. Blanz

oneM2M Basics & Outlook

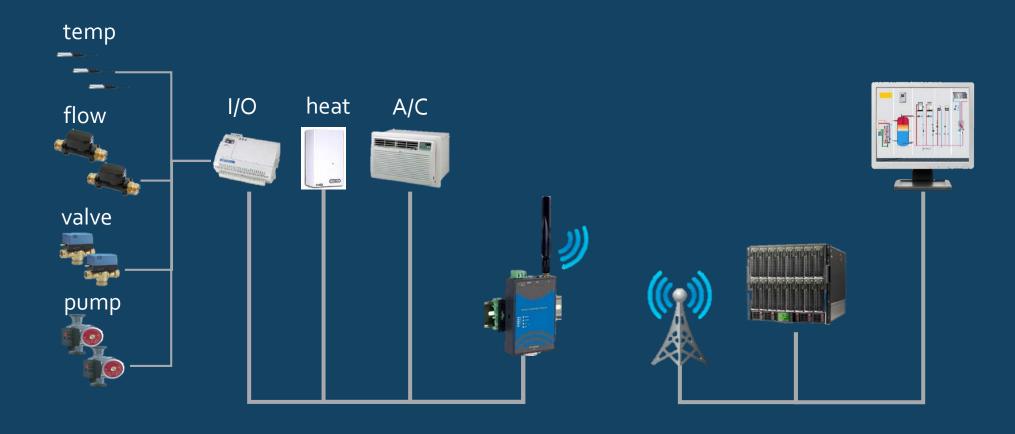
M2M MTC IoT IoE

Example

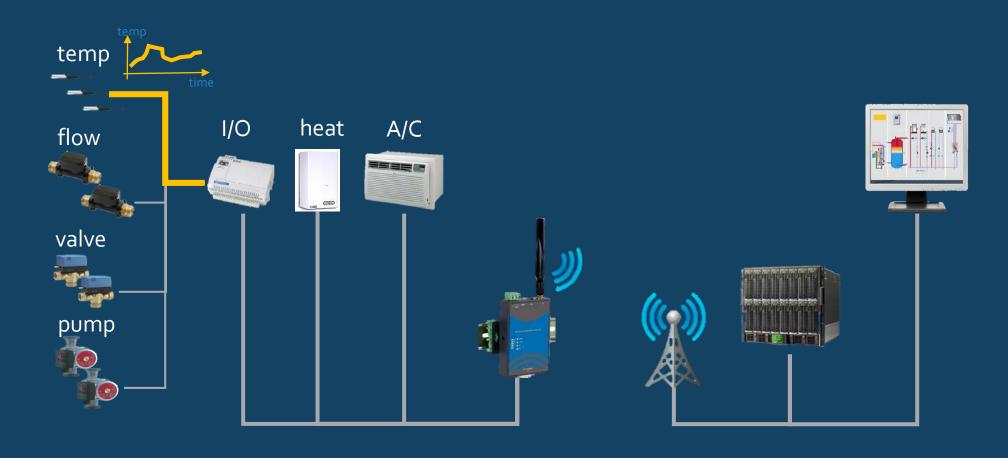


HVAC (Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning)

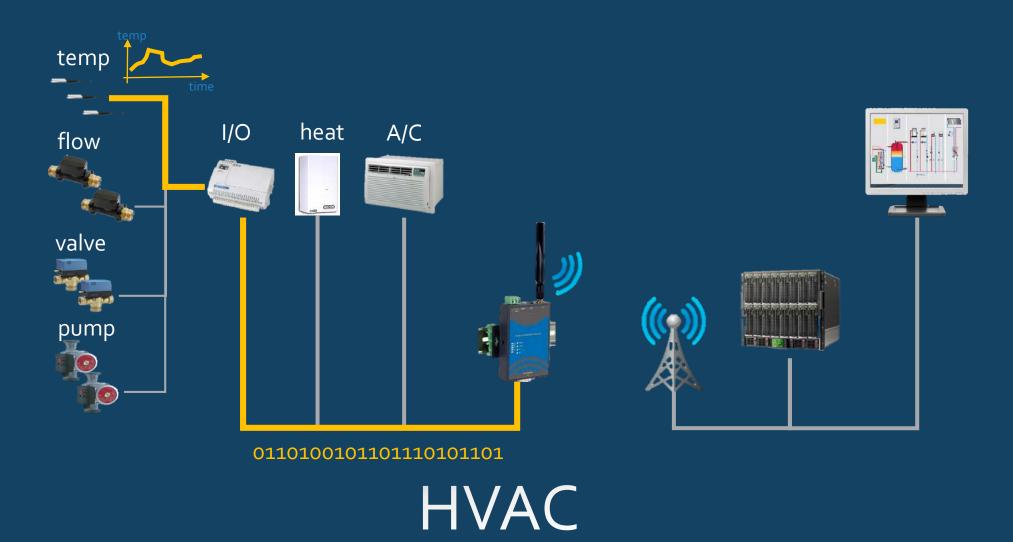
Example

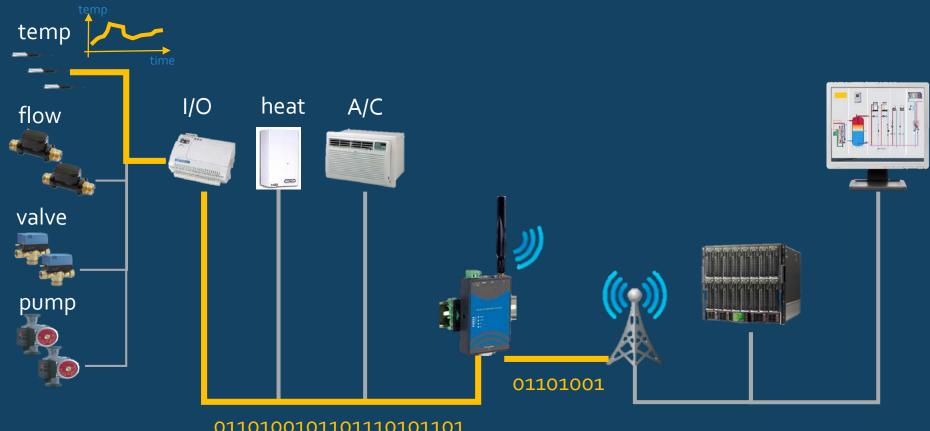








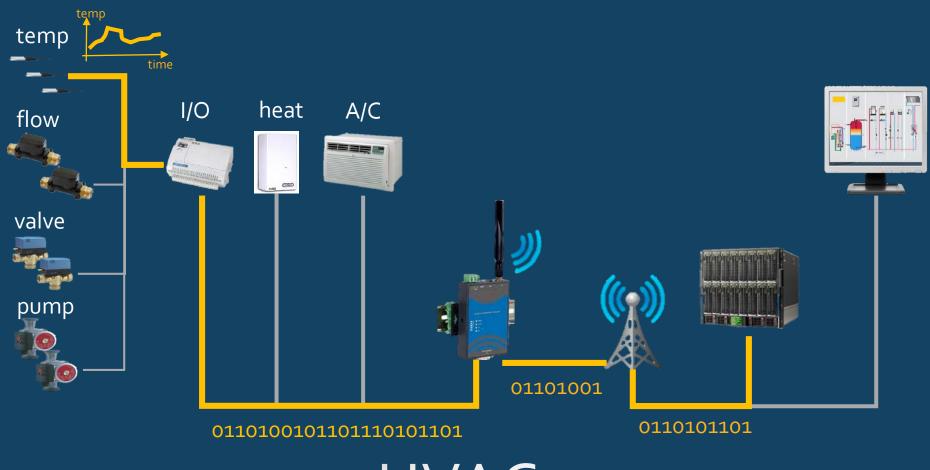




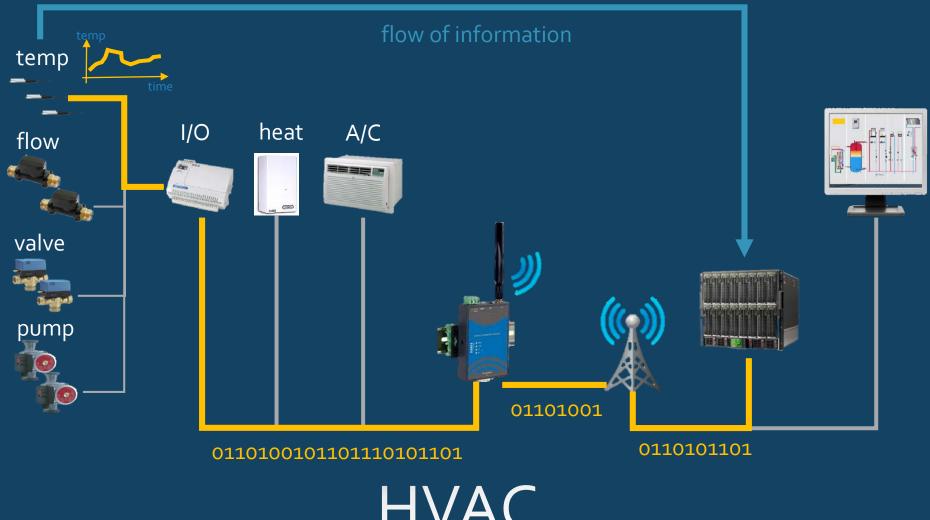
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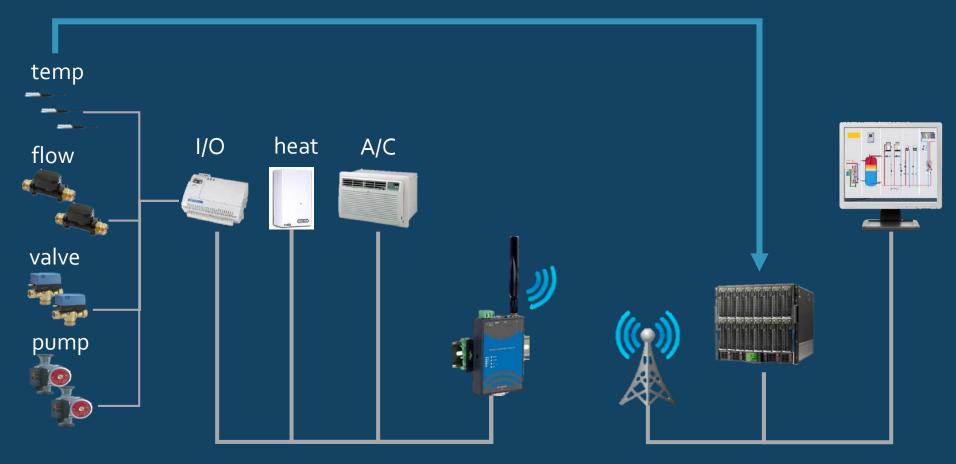
M2M / MTC View

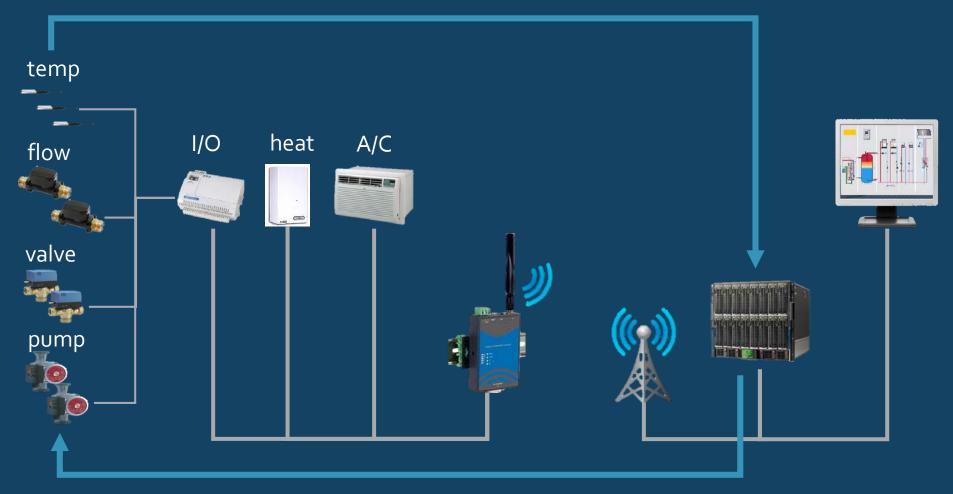


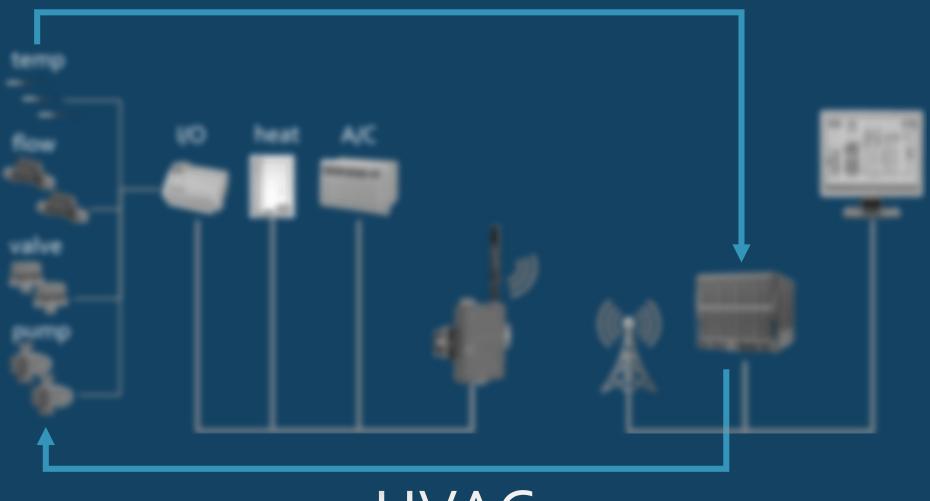






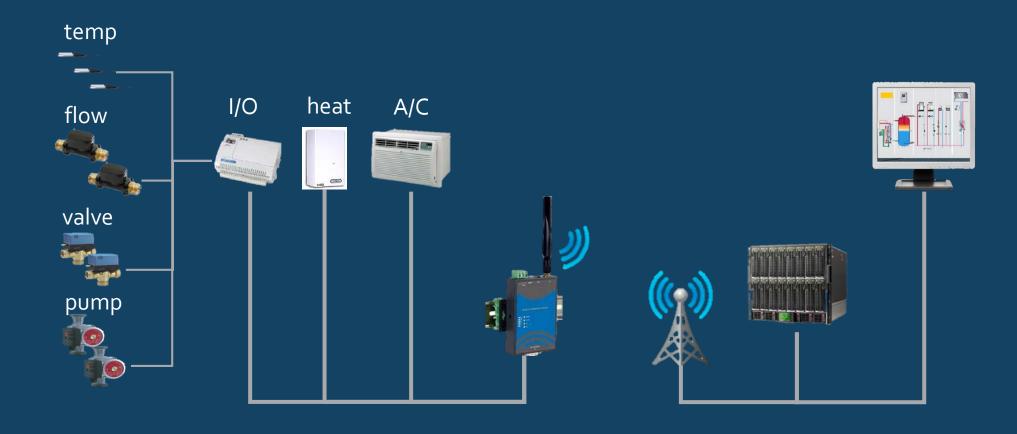




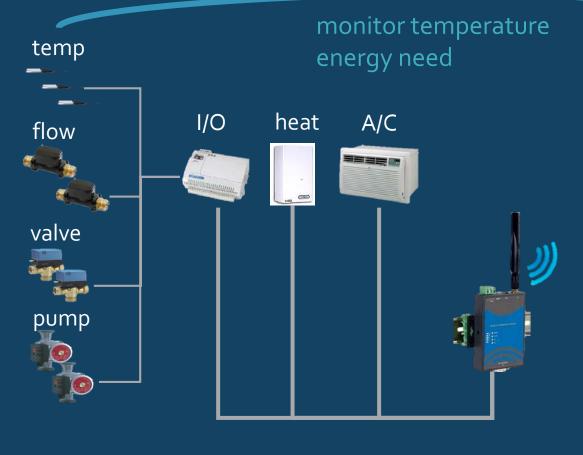


M2M Communications, MTC:
Enabling connected devices to exchange information

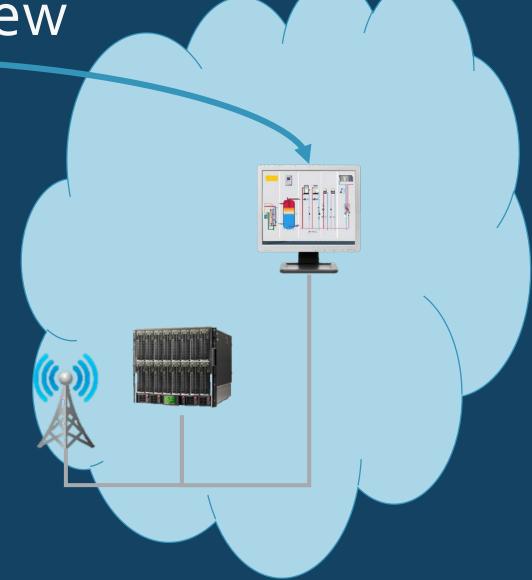
autonomously without the manual assistance of humans.

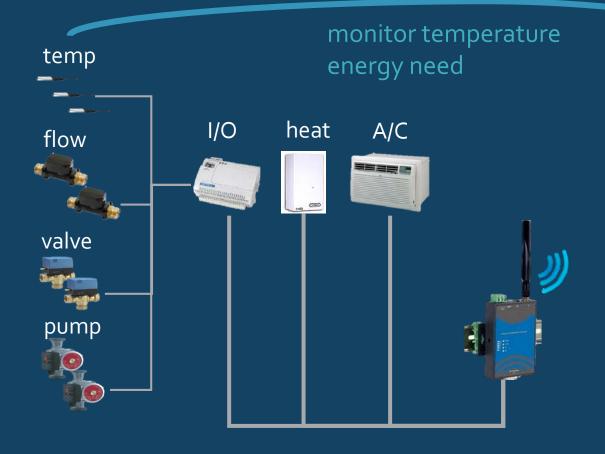




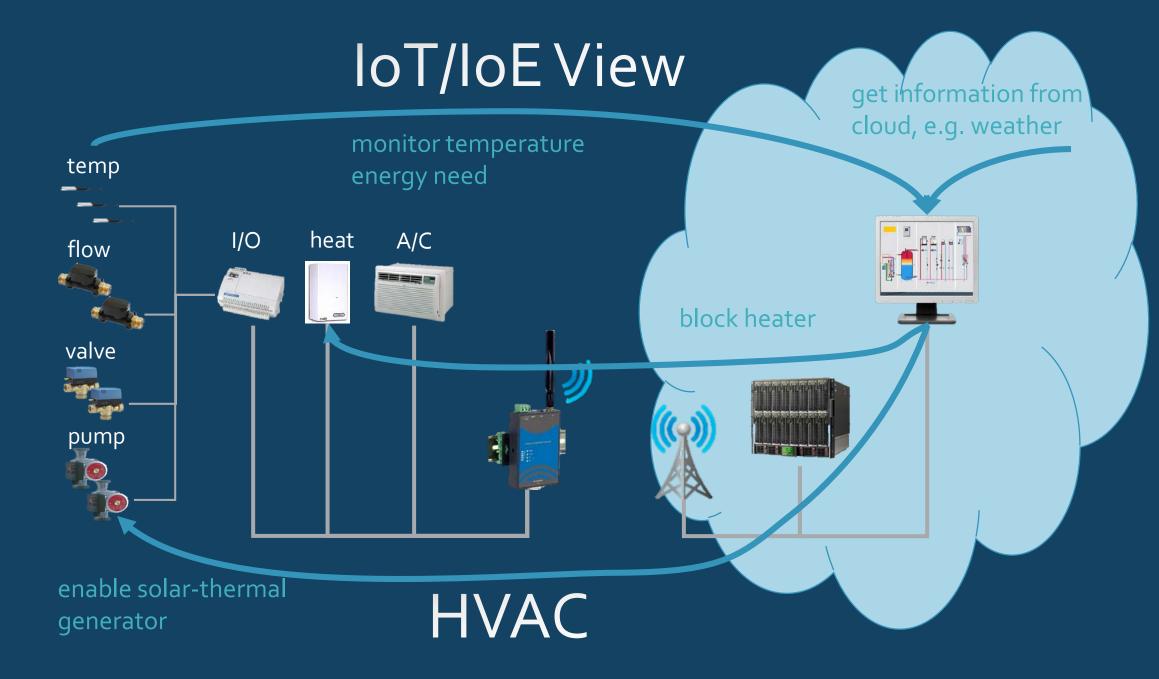


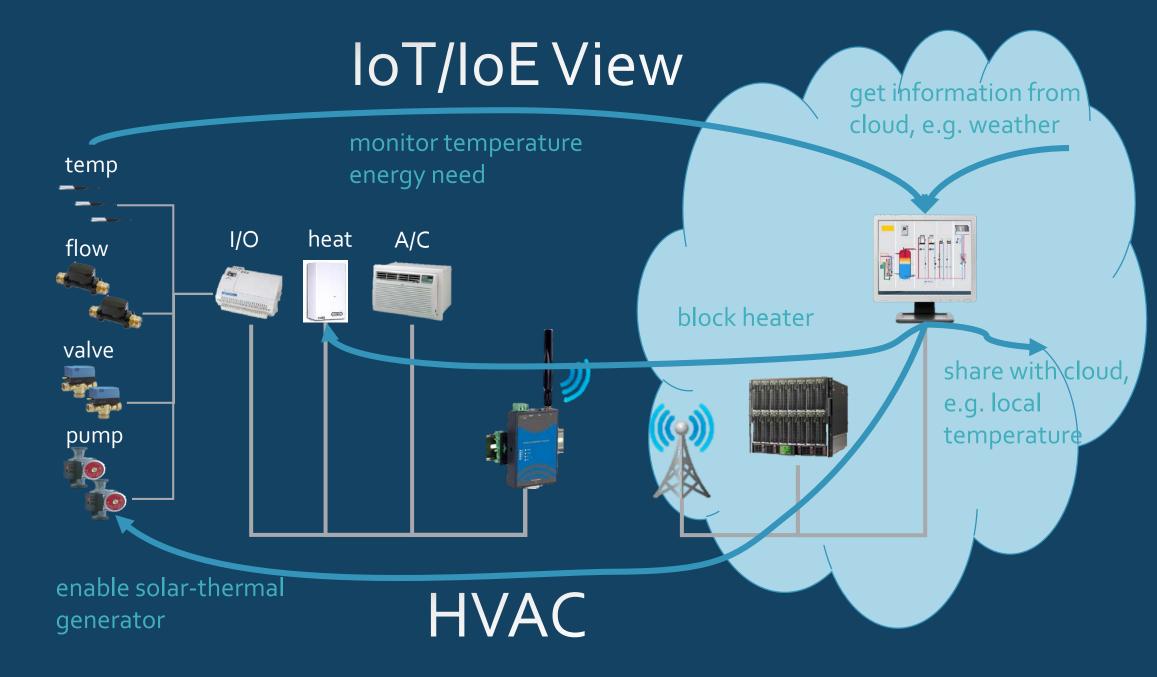


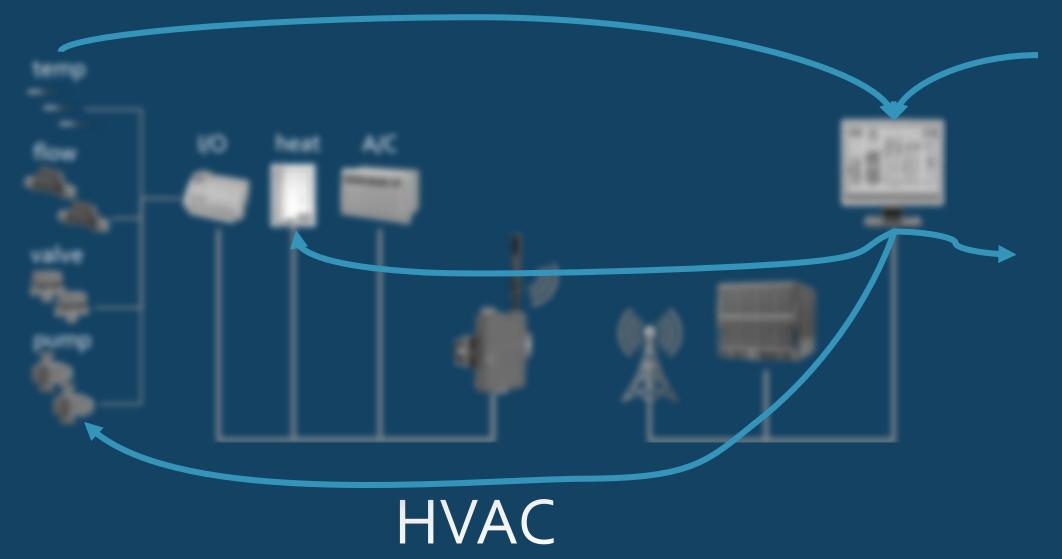












IoT, IoE:

Network of connected objects (= things) using M2M Communications and/or the internet to gather or share object-specific data, analyze & process data, drive actuators, influence objects etc. with the goal to improve safety, health, resource consumption, productivity, cost, comfort.

- M2M Machine-2-Machine (Communications)
- MTC Machine Type Communication
- IoT Internet of Things
- IoE Internet of Everything
- IIoT Industrial Internet of Things

| • M | 2 | M |
|-----|---|---|
|-----|---|---|

Autonomous communication among connected devices without need for manual assistance of humans

• MTC

IoT

- Internet of Things
- IoE Internet of Everything
- IIoT Industrial Internet of Things

- M2M
- MTC
- IoT
- IoE
- IIoT

Autonomous communication among connected devices without need for manual assistance of humans

Network of connected objects (= things) using M2MCommunications & the internet & smart processing

Industrial Internet of Things

- M2M
- MTC
- IoT
- IoE
- IIoT

Autonomous communication among connected devices without need for manual assistance of humans

Network of connected objects (= things) using M2MCommunications & the internet & smart processing

Industrial Internet of Things

No precise definitions or sharp differentiation

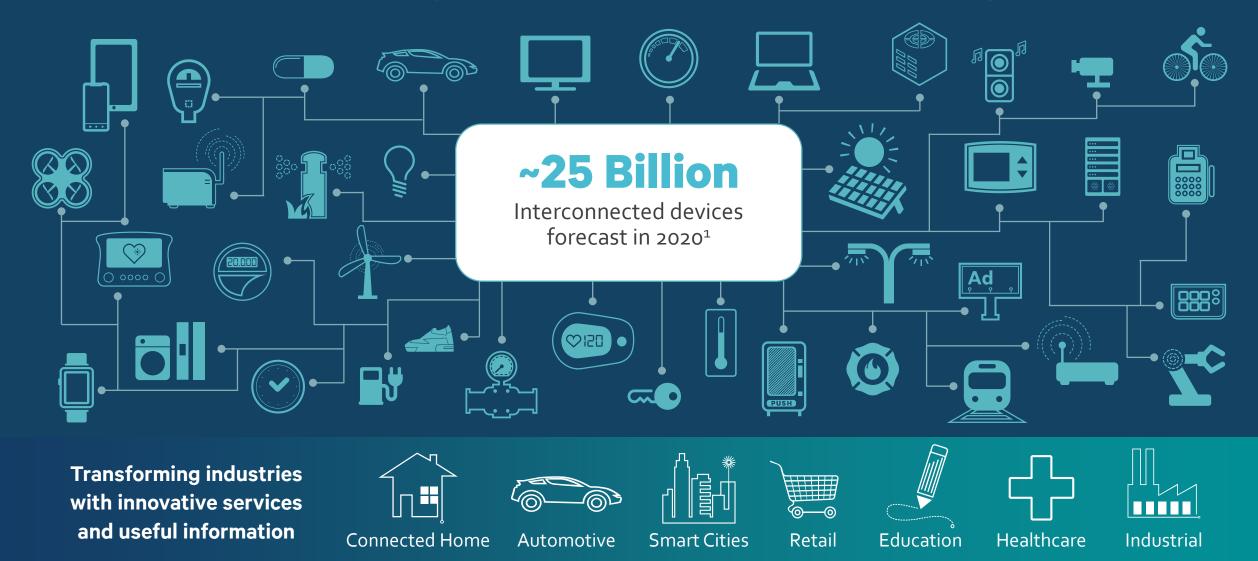
Terms are used with similar meaning in various contexts

Using M2M / MTC and IoT interchangeably in what follows

Standards & Technology Landscape

What is going on?

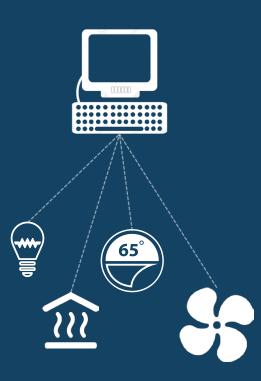
IoT: Surge of connected things



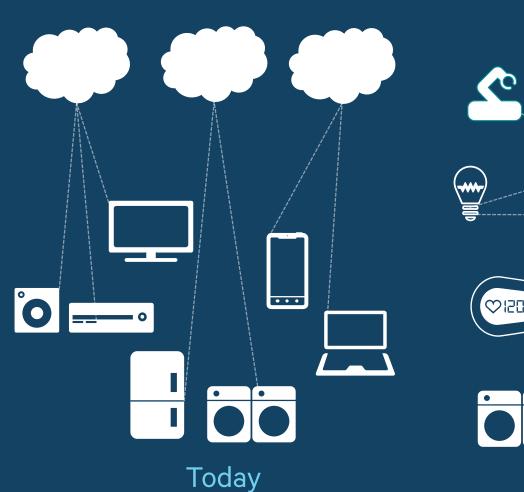
M₂M/IoT Evolution

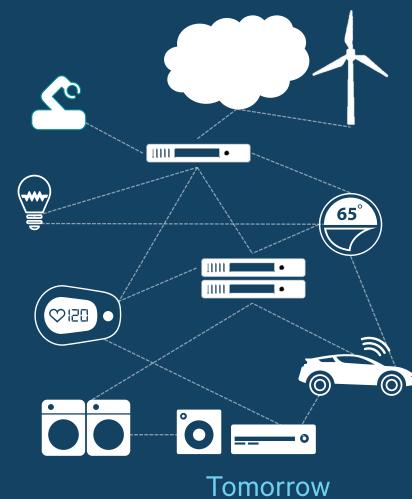
Device ⇔ Cloud

Master/Slave



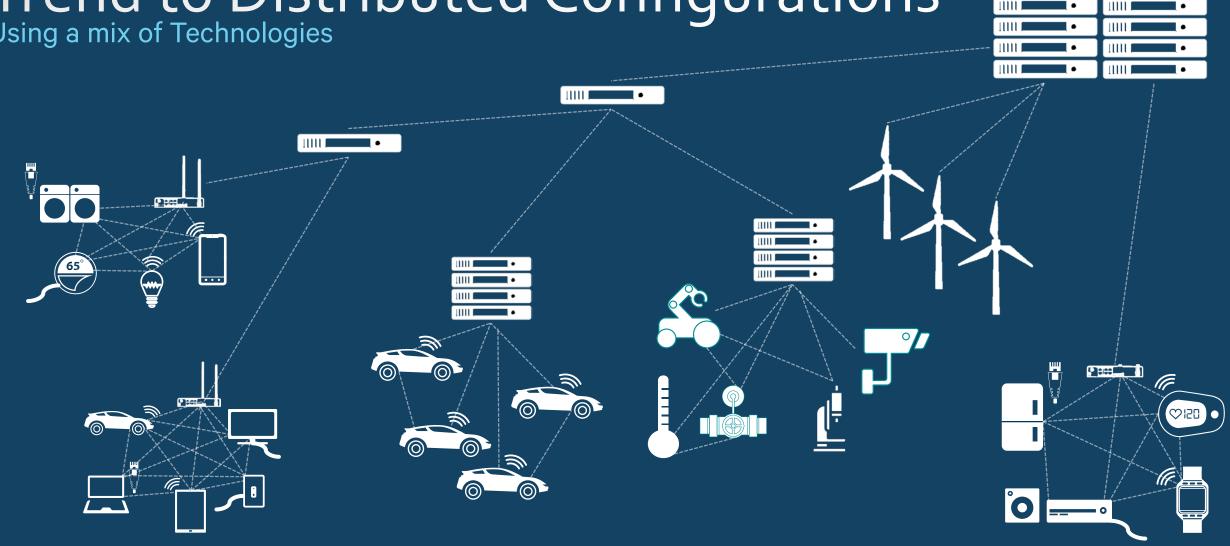
Yesterday



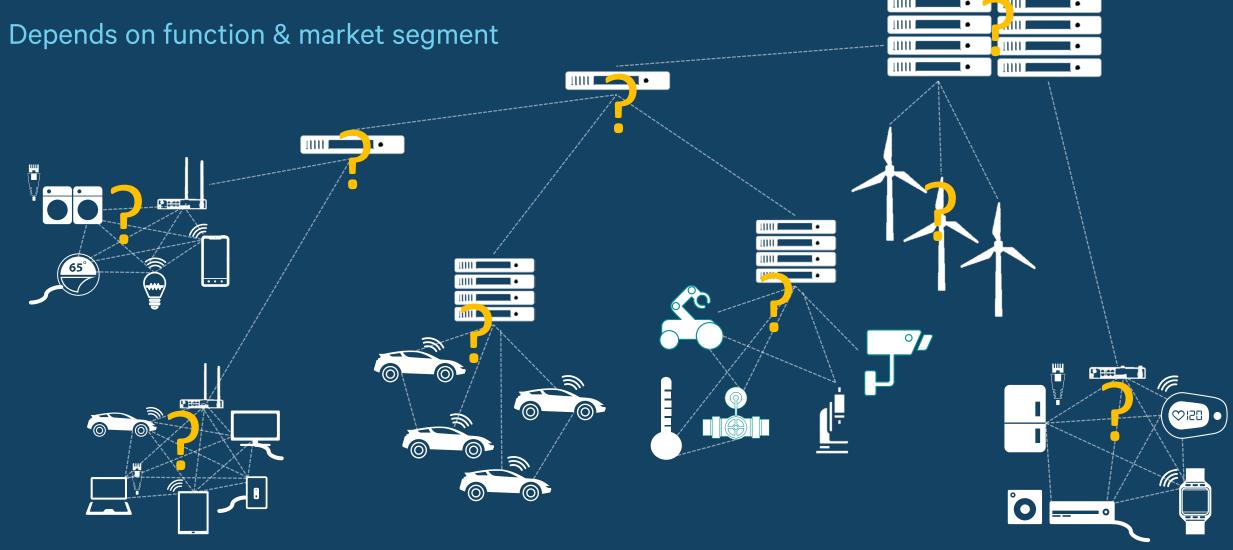


Distributed

Trend to Distributed Configurations Using a mix of Technologies



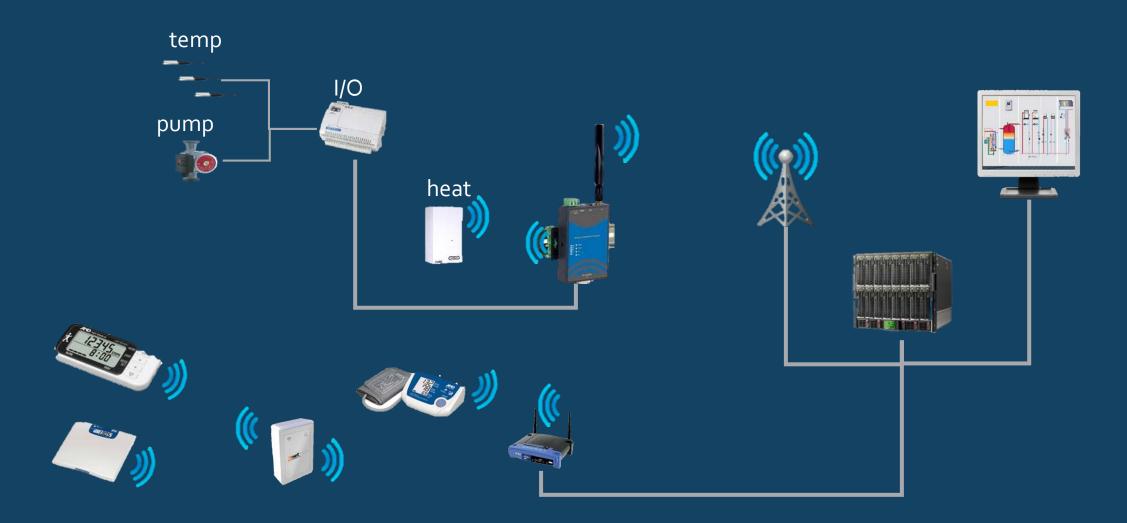
Which Technologies are used or will emerge?

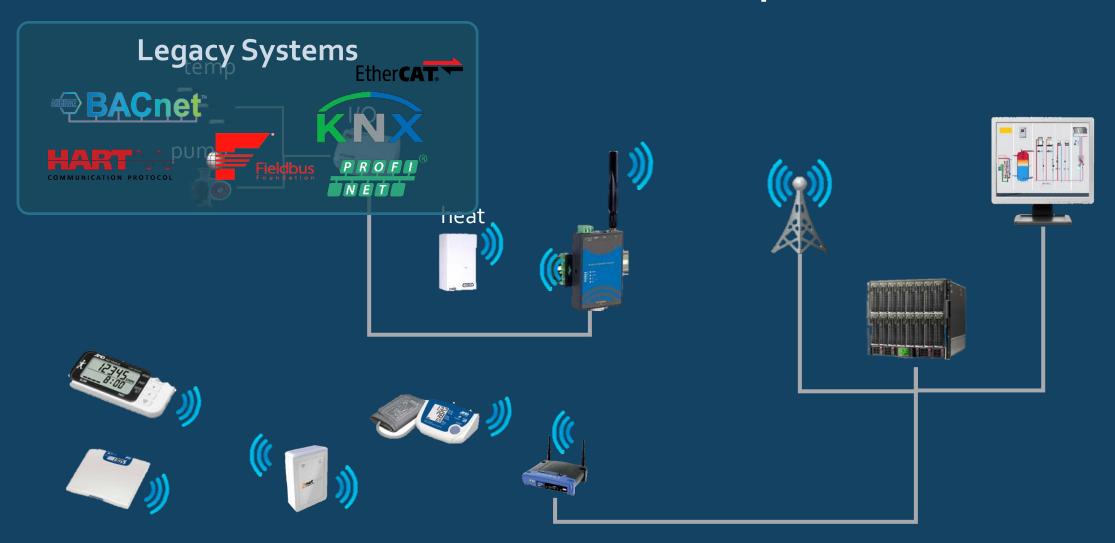


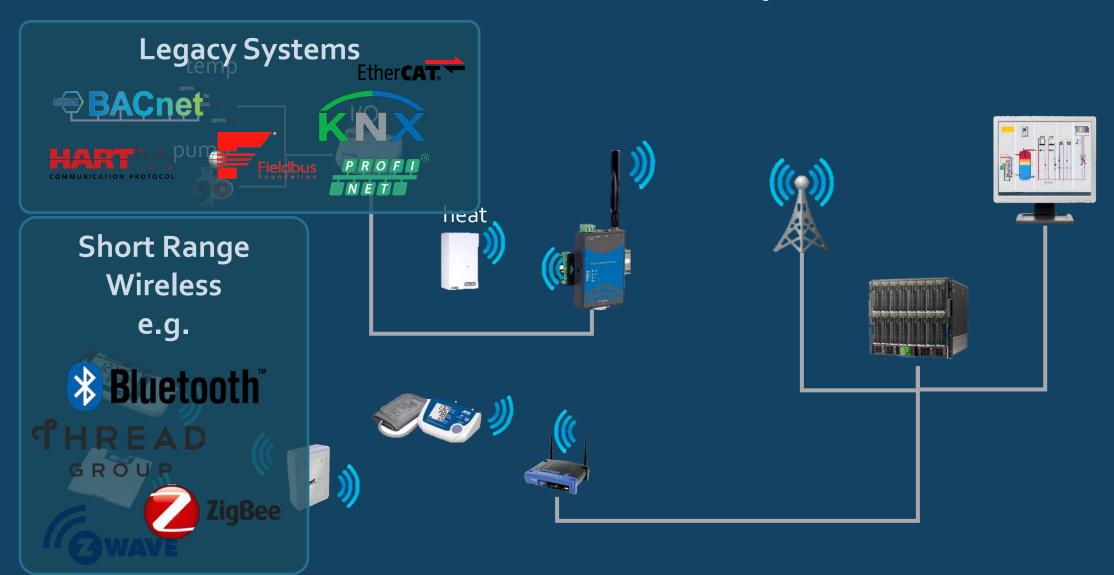
Jungle of Technologies, Standards, Consortia, OSS Projects

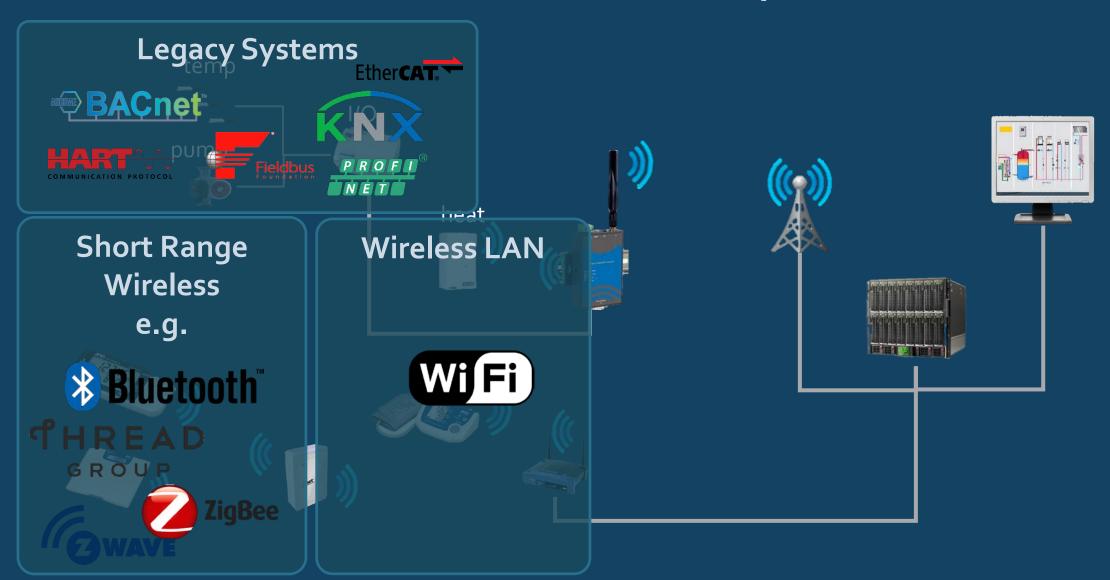
- Which groups actually specify technology, which are just doing marketing & promotion?
- Which technologies are used / will be used in M2M/IoT?
- Which technologies are overlapping or complementing each other?



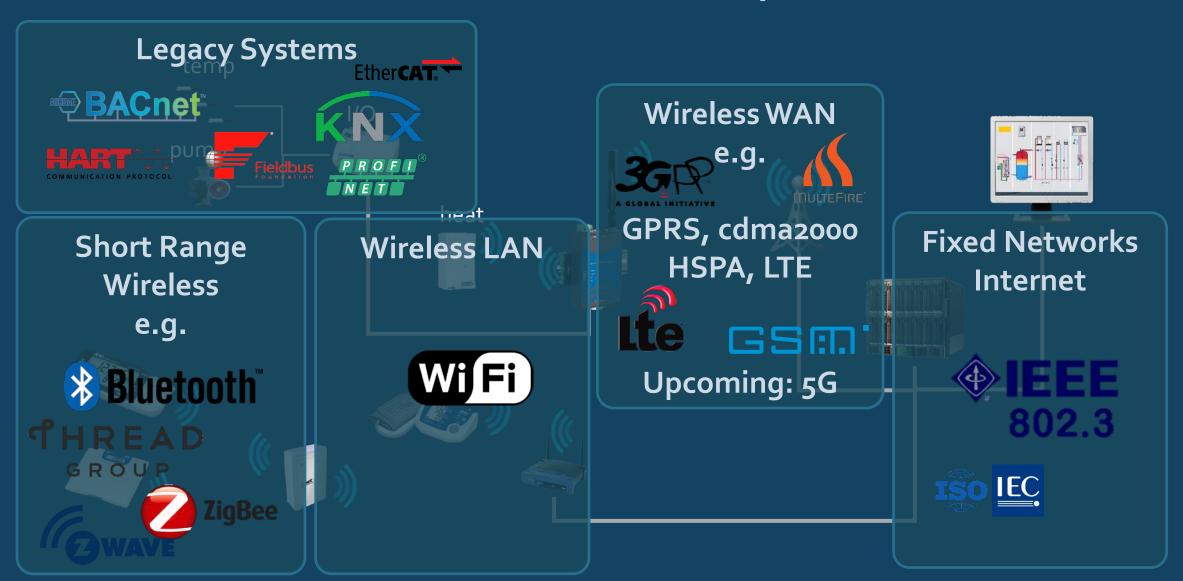












Organize Technologies in a "Stack" for M2M / IoT

"OSI equivalent"

Applications

Custom IoT Applications

Service Layer

aka
Service Platform

Middleware

Enablement Platform

Protocols

Access



Application

Presentation

Session

Transport

Network

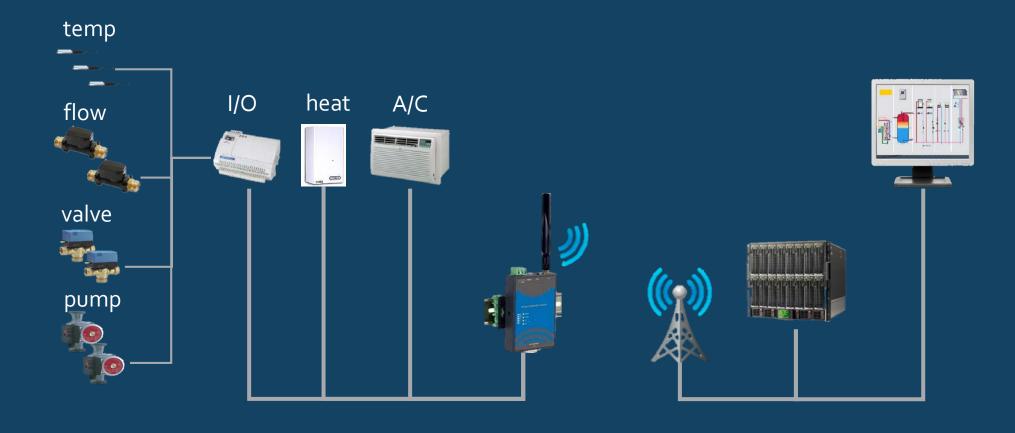
Link

Physical

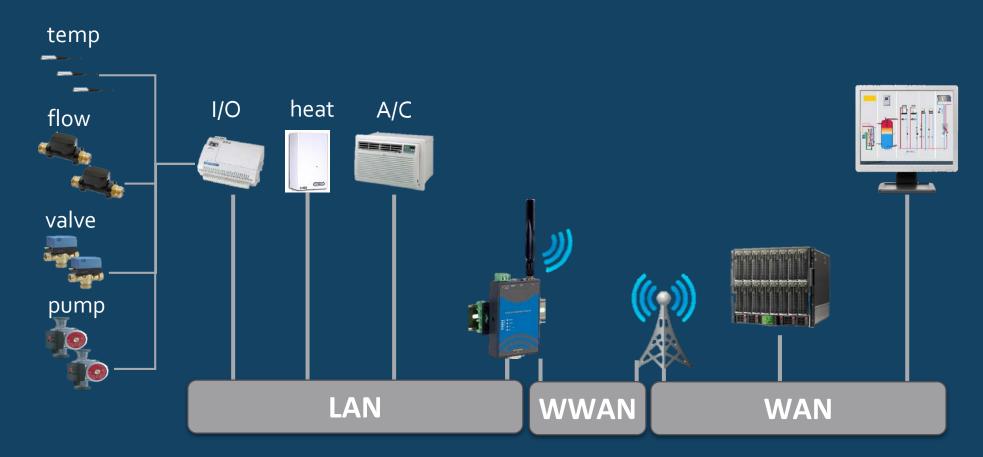
Horizontal Middleware Platform

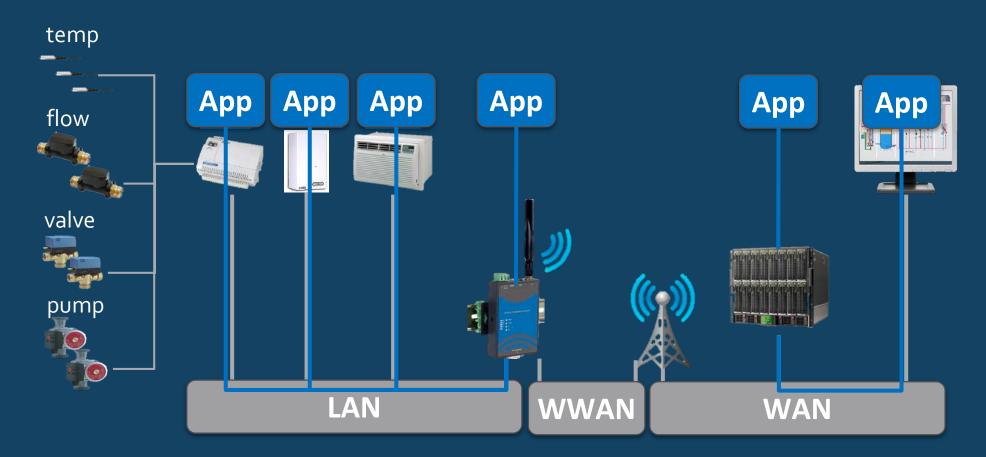
M2M Service Layer

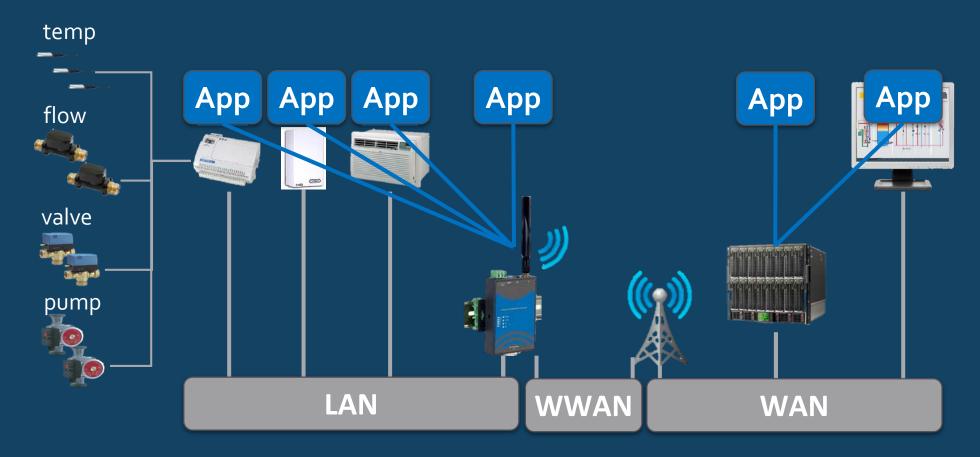
M₂M Service Layer

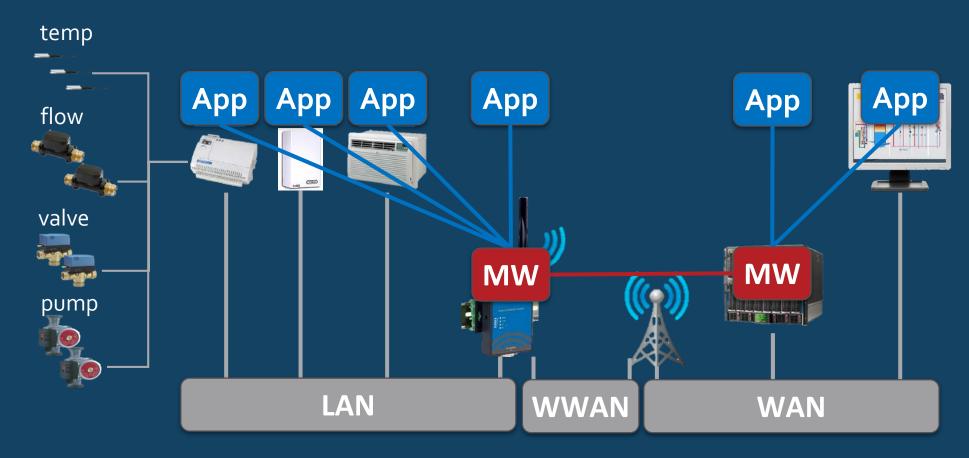


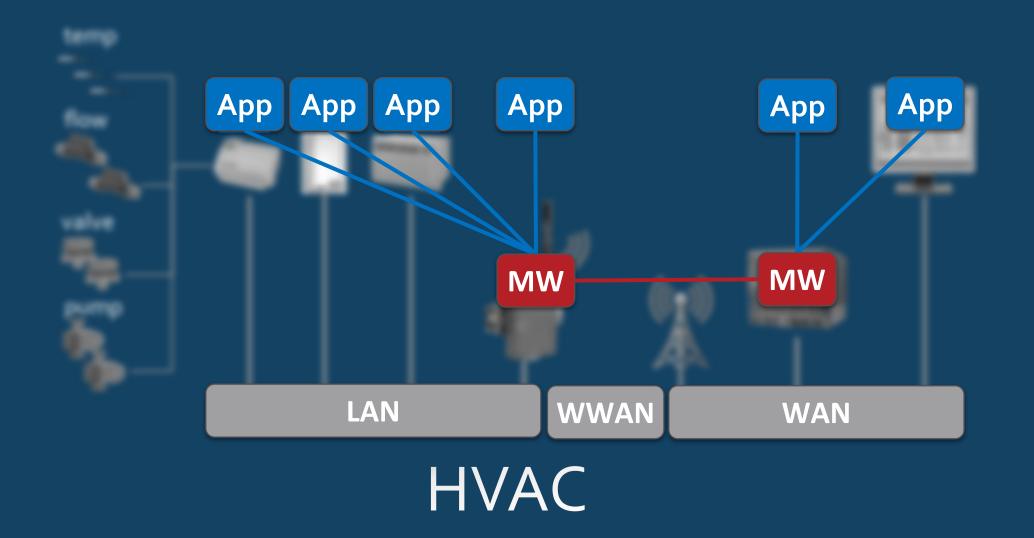


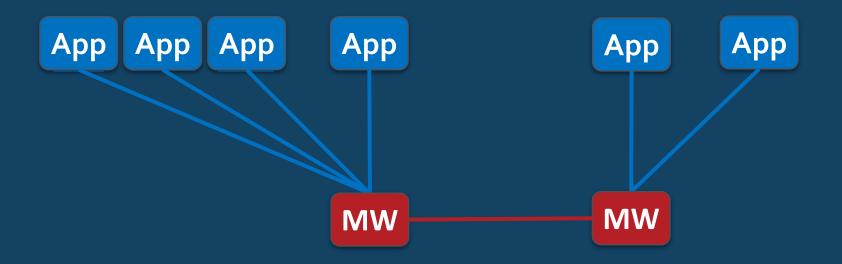






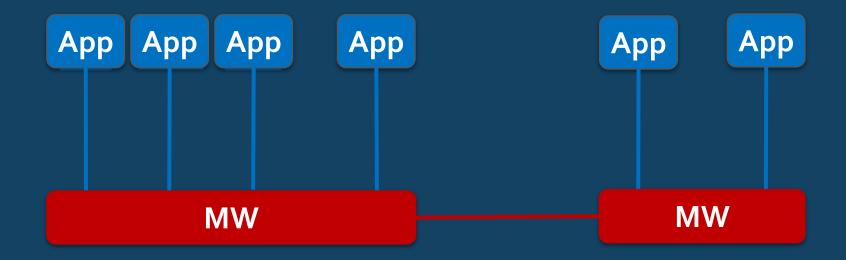




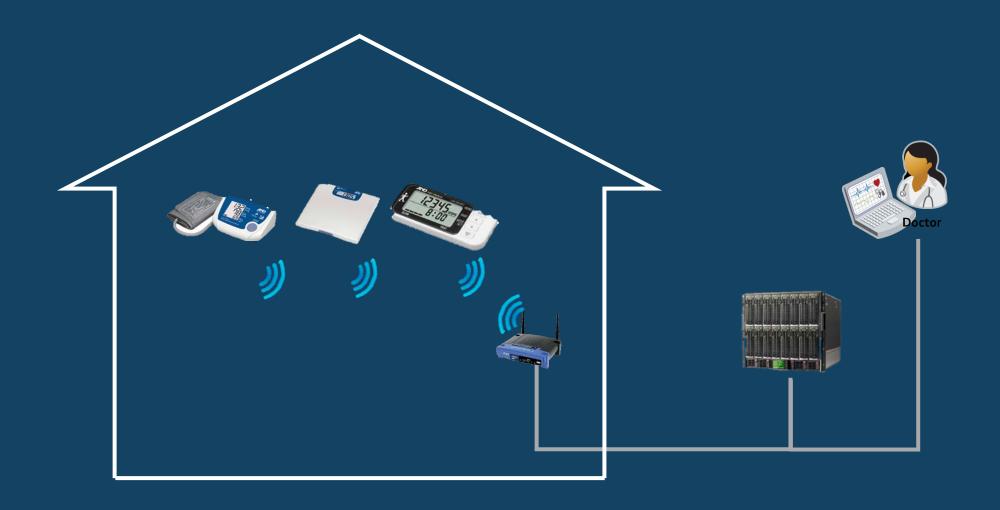


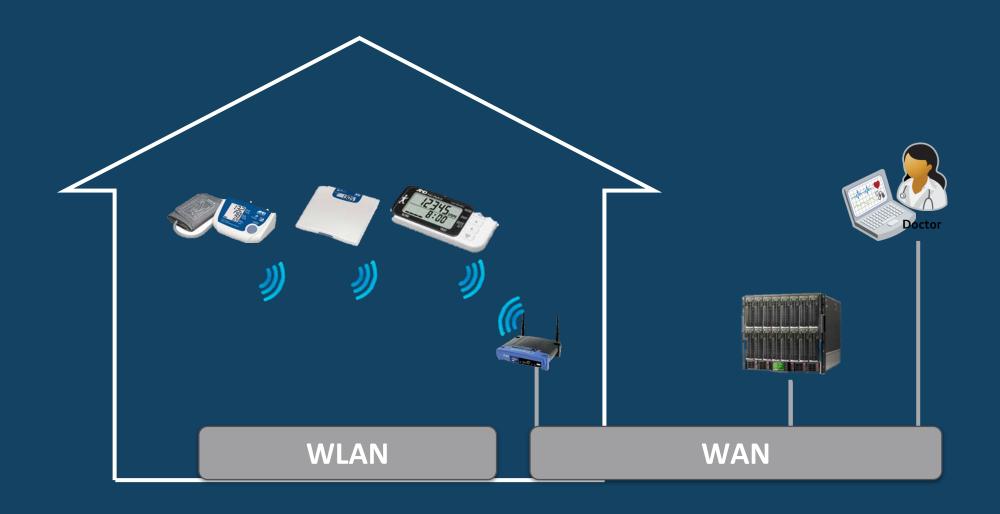
Communication Network(s)

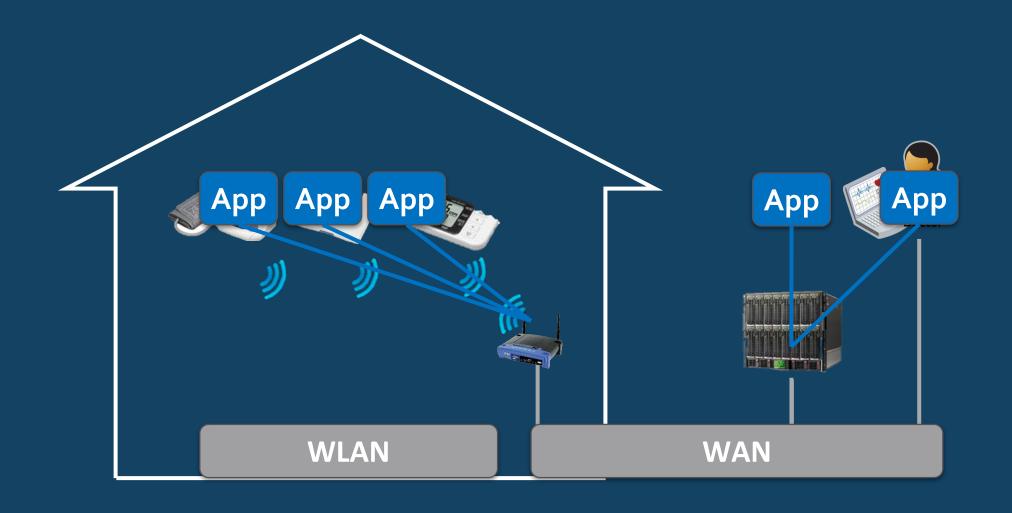


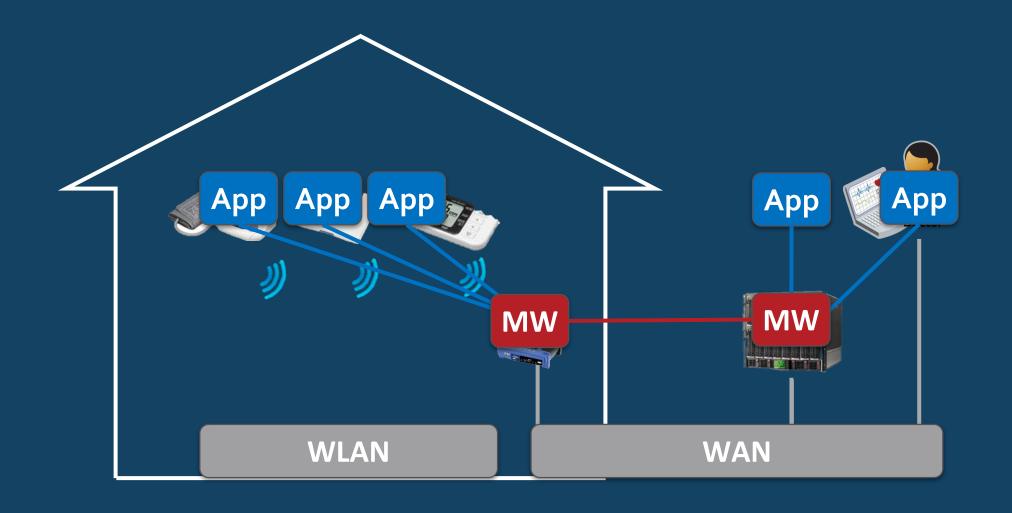


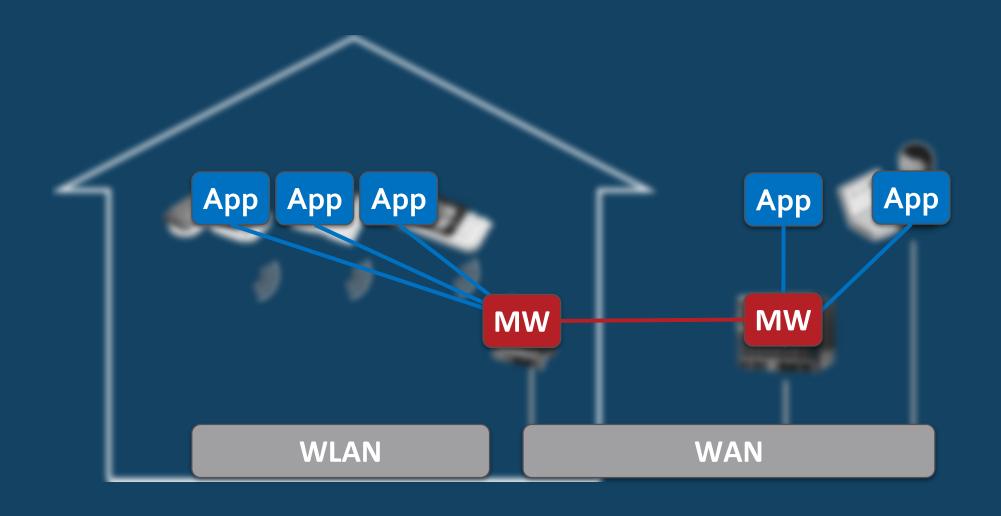
Communication Network(s)

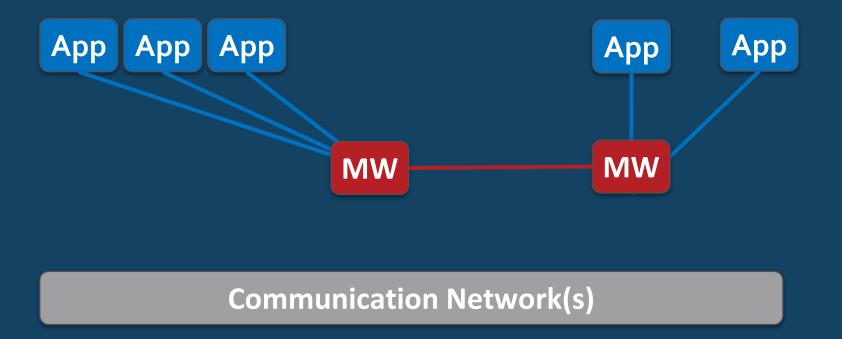


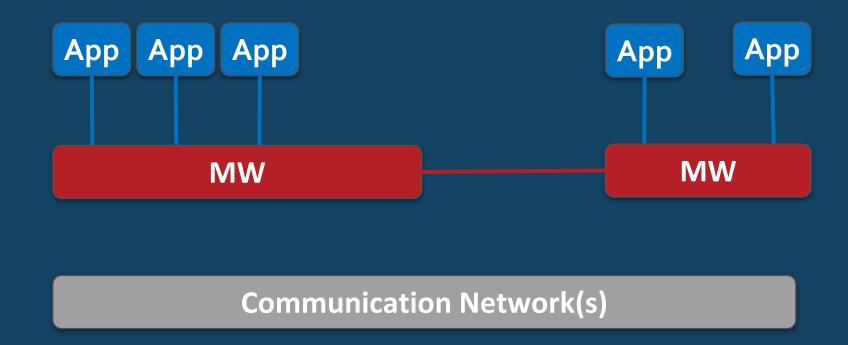


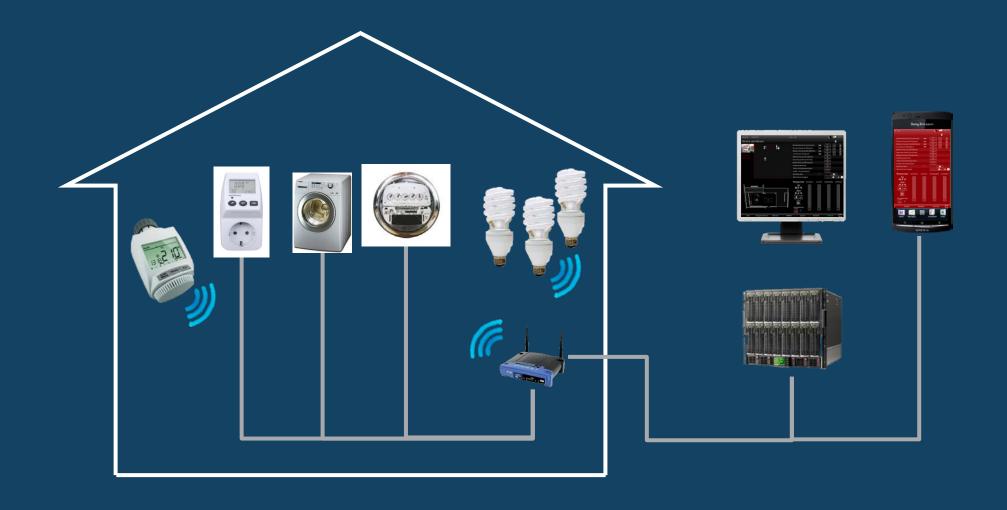




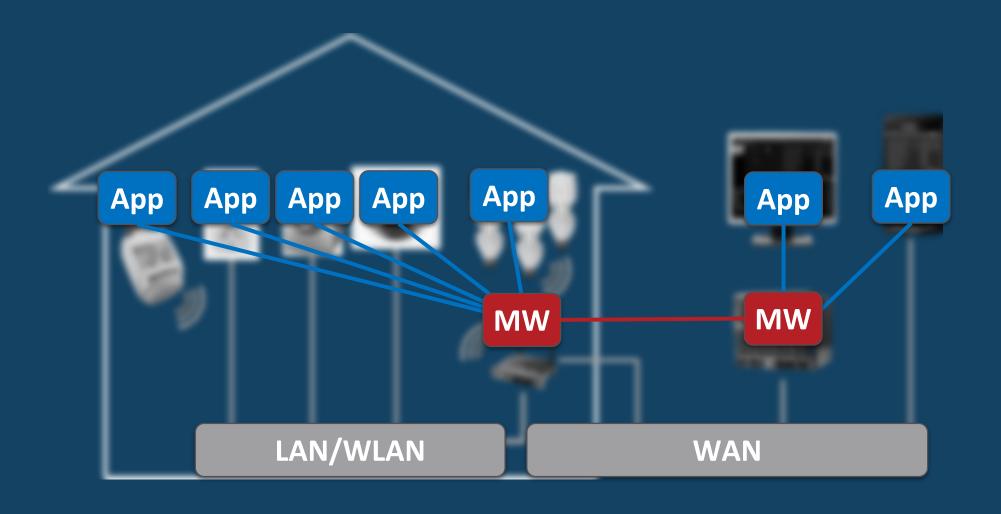




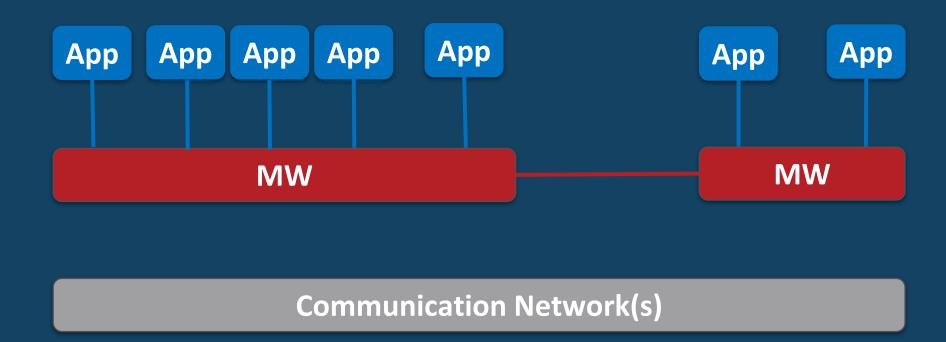




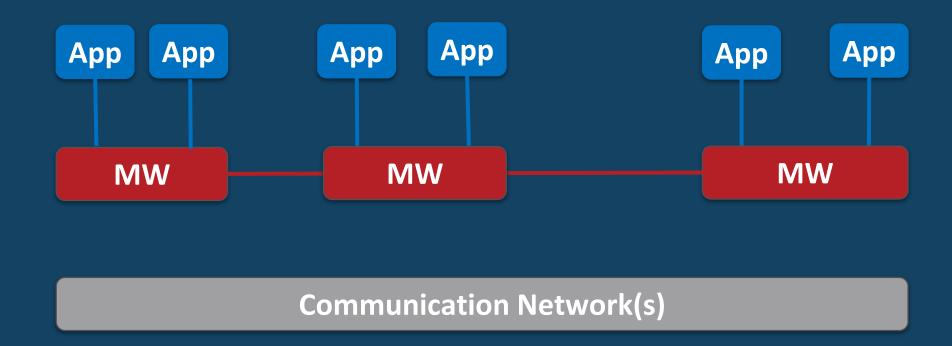
Connected Home



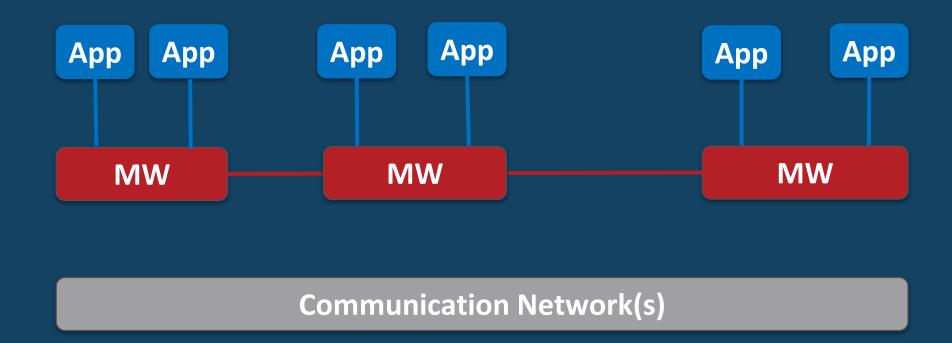
Connected Home



Connected Home

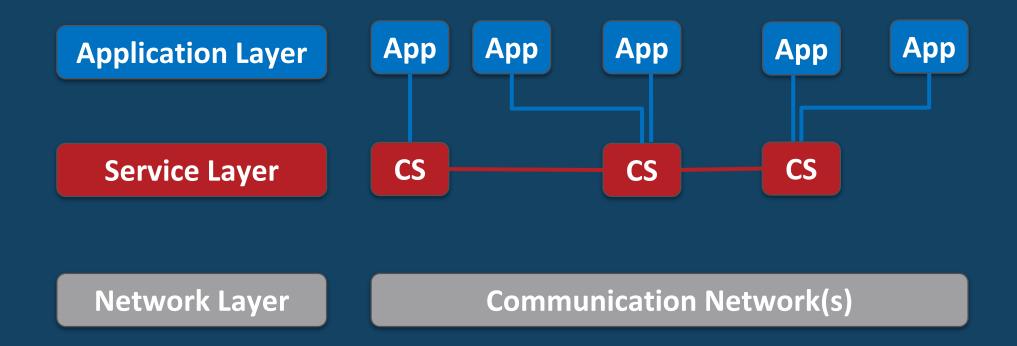


Automotive



Metering

M2M / IoT Service Layer



App: Applications

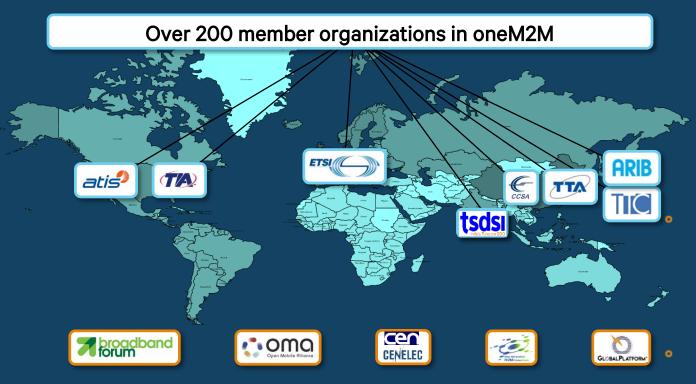
CS: Common Services

Standardized Open Horizontal M2M Service Layer

oneM2M Partnership

Motivation for oneM2M: Consolidation

Global partnership initiative:
Consolidate standardization of M2M/IoT functions





Partner Type 1: ARIB, ATIS, CCSA, ETSI, TIA, TTA, TTC & TSDSI: All major Telecom SDOs around globe

- Members (e.g. companies) participate in oneM2M
 via admitting Partner Type 1
- IPR policy of admitting Partner Type 1 organization is binding for members
- Partner Type 1 organizations are committed to transpose specifications into standards

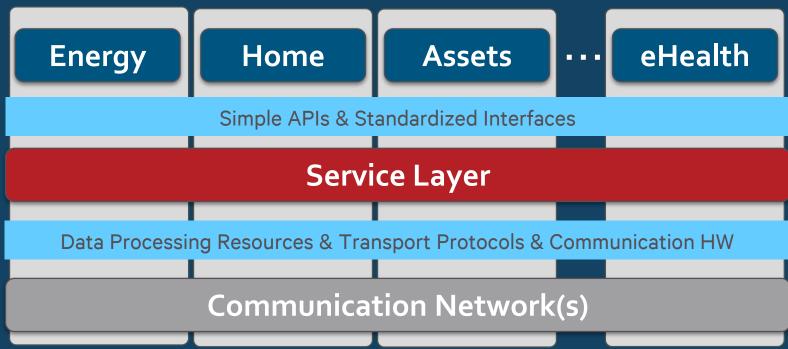
Partner Type 2: BBF, CEN/CENELEC, New Generation M2M Consortium, OMA, Global Platform

Fora/Associations/Consortia participate & contribute in oneM2M with compatible IPR regime

Milestones

- Created in 2012
- Published Rel-1 in 01/2015, Rel-2 in 08/2016
- Rel-3 to be completed by Q1/2018
- 4 interop test events so far

oneM2M: Standard for M2M / IoT



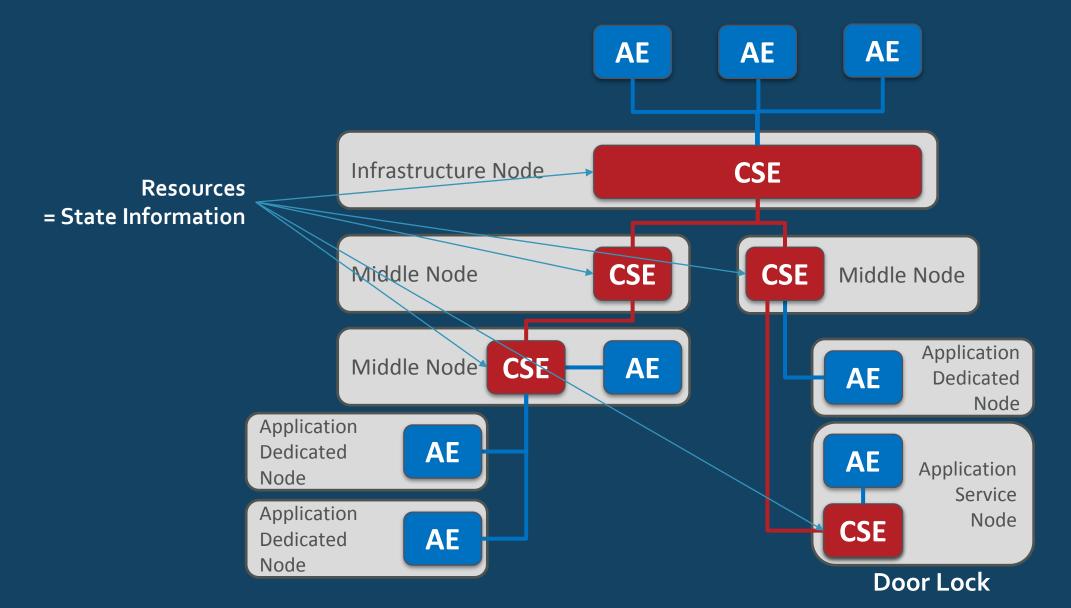
Horizontal layer of functions commonly needed across different market segments / not segment-specific

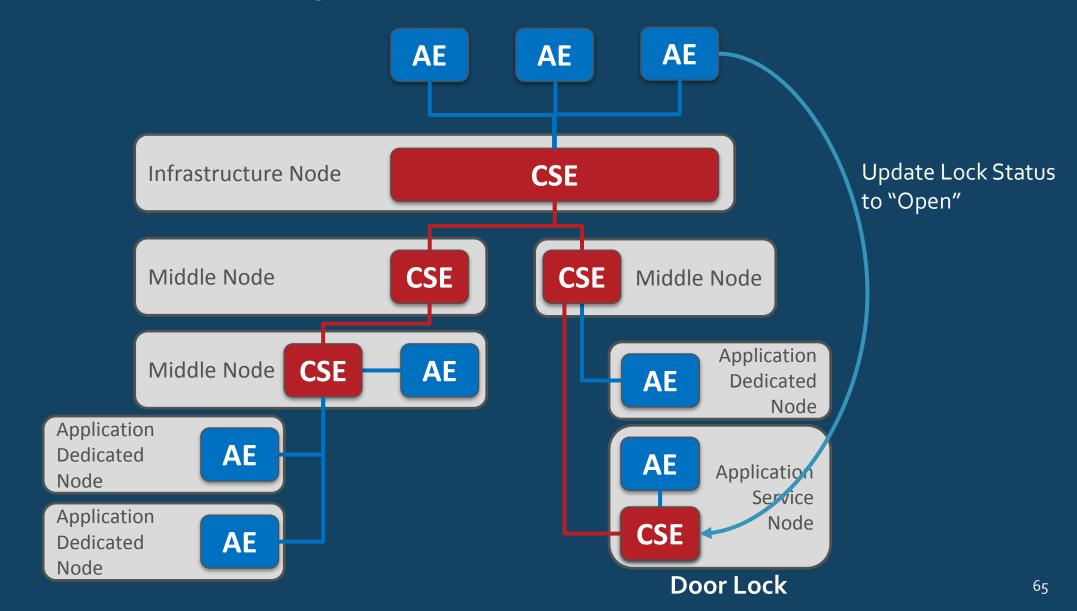
Similar to generic versus use case-specific computer/OS in early times of computers

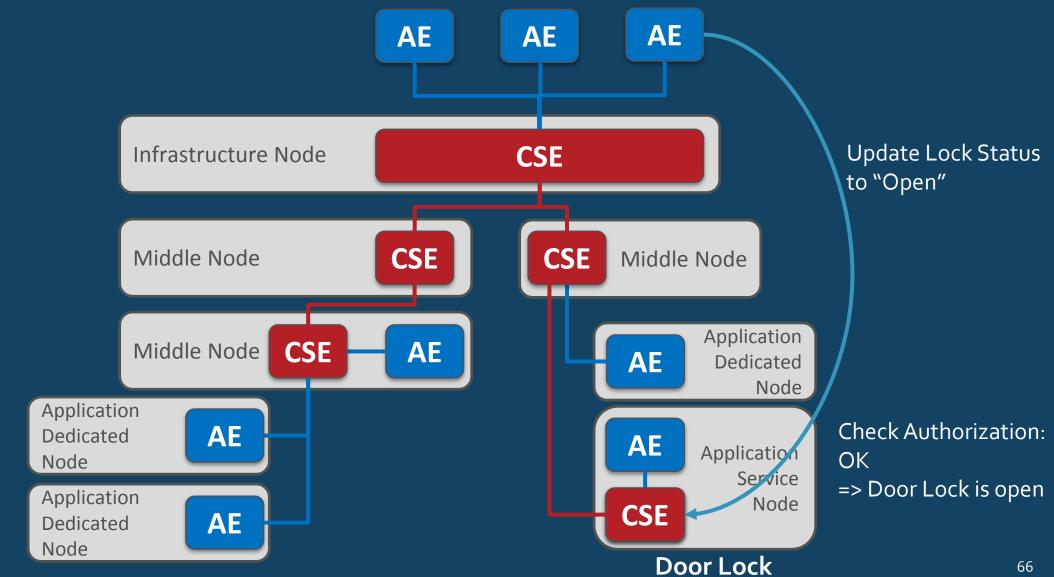
- Standard for a middleware platform
- Sits between applications and processing/communication HW
- On sensors, actors, gateways, cloud
- Authentication/authorization/encryption
- Connects producers/consumers securely
- Hides complexity of NW usage from apps
- Controls when communication happens
- Increases efficiency of data transport
- Stores and shares data
- Supports access control
- Notifies about events
- Talks to groups of things
- Manages devices on large scale

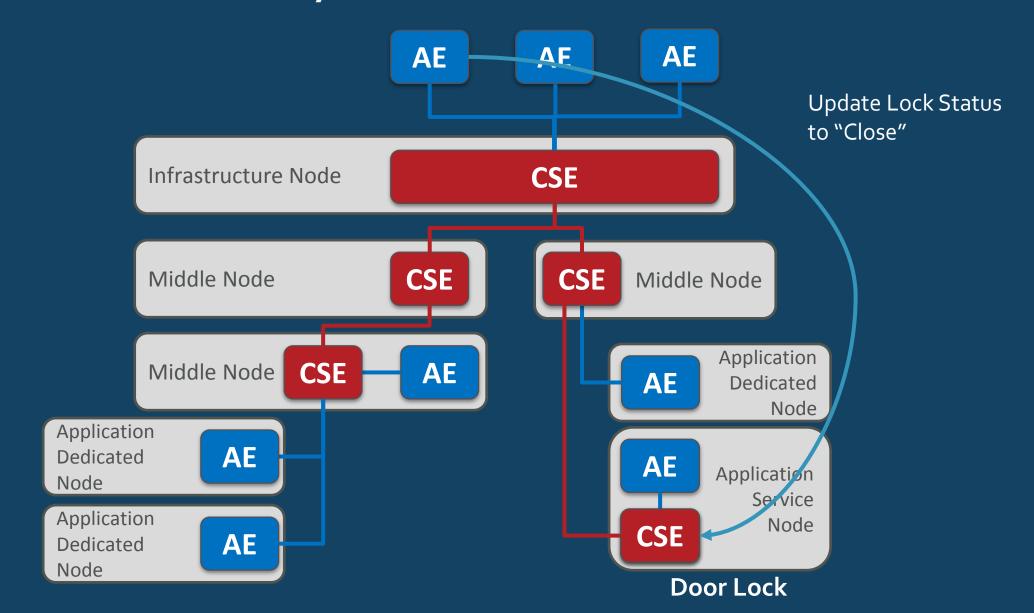
Topology

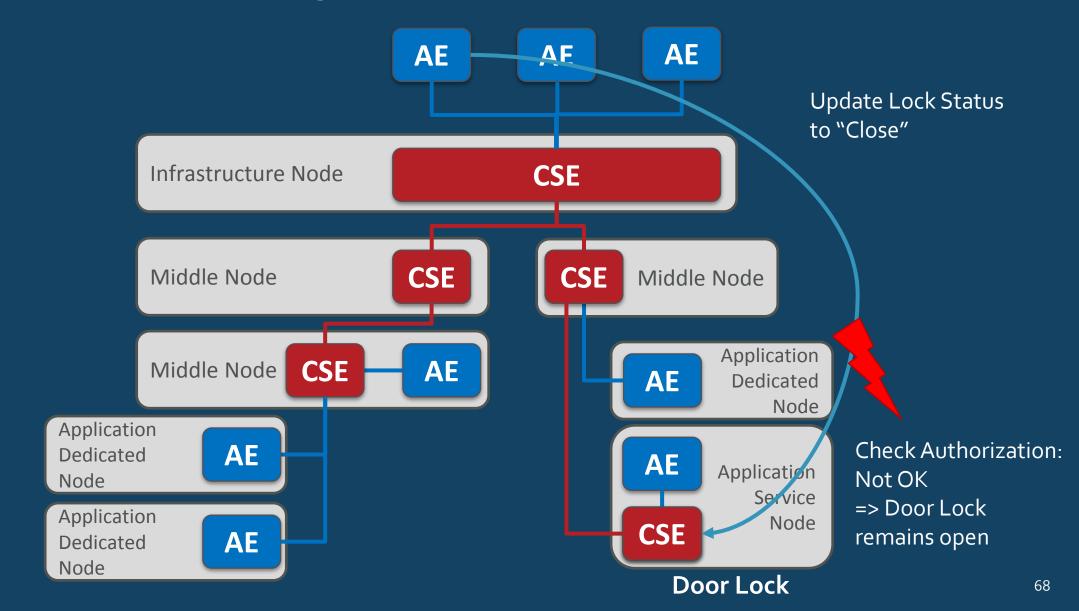
Application Entity AE: AE **AE** AE **Common Services Entity** CSE: **CSE** Infrastructure Node **CSE** CSE Middle Node Middle Node Application **CSE** AE Middle Node AE **Dedicated** Node **Application** AE Dedicated AE **Application** Node Service **Application** Node CSE AE Dedicated Node

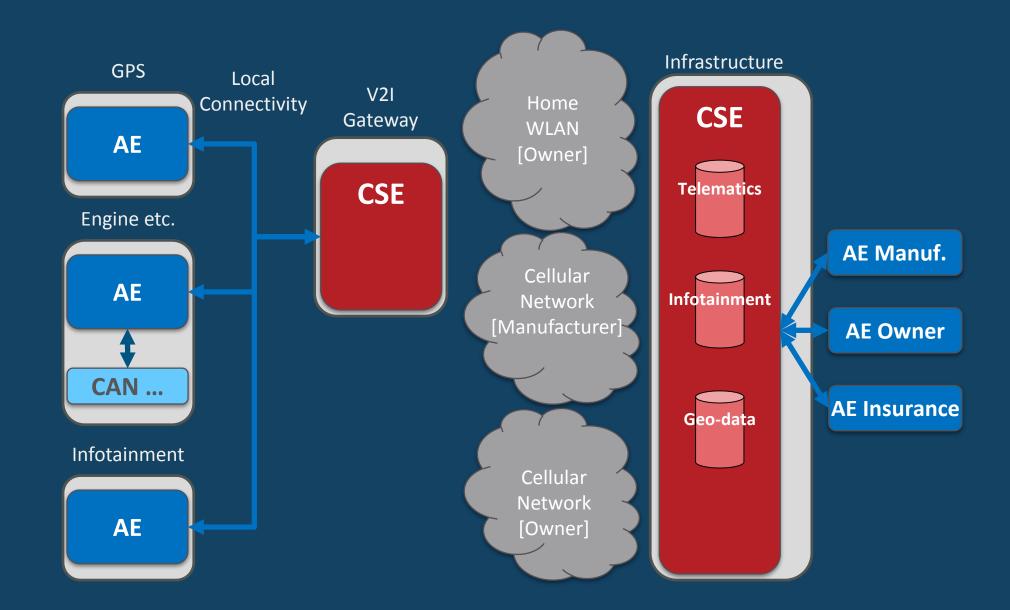


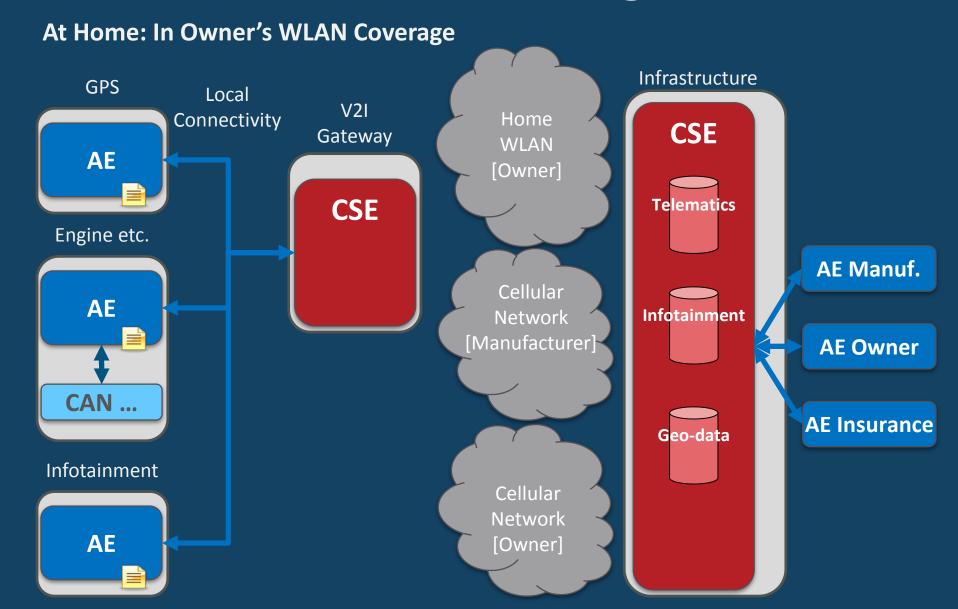


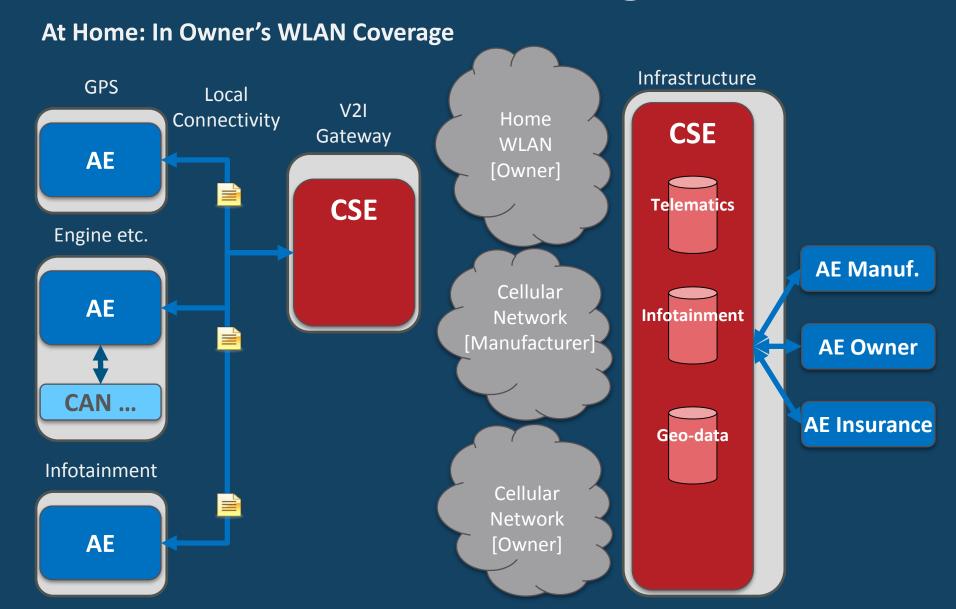


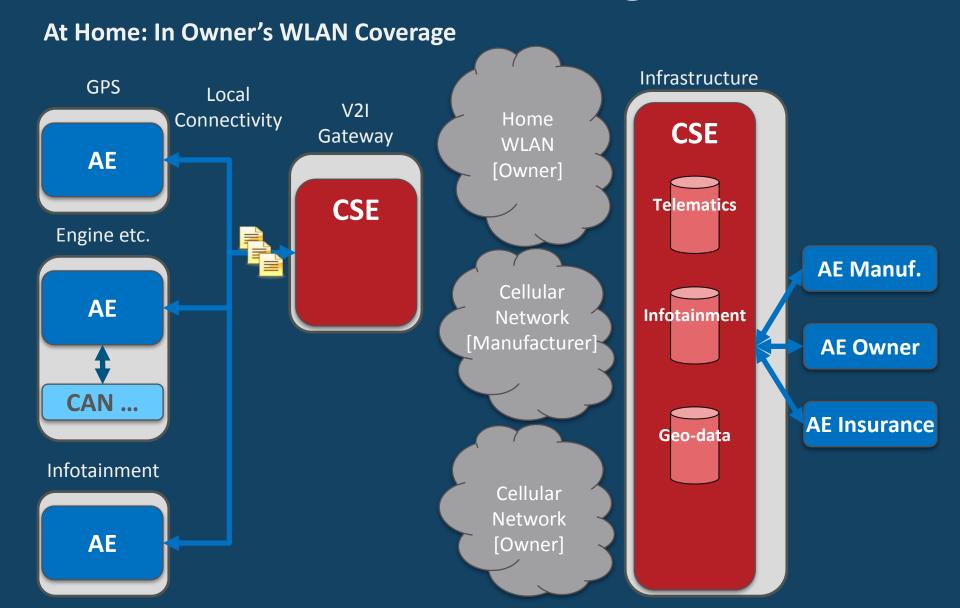


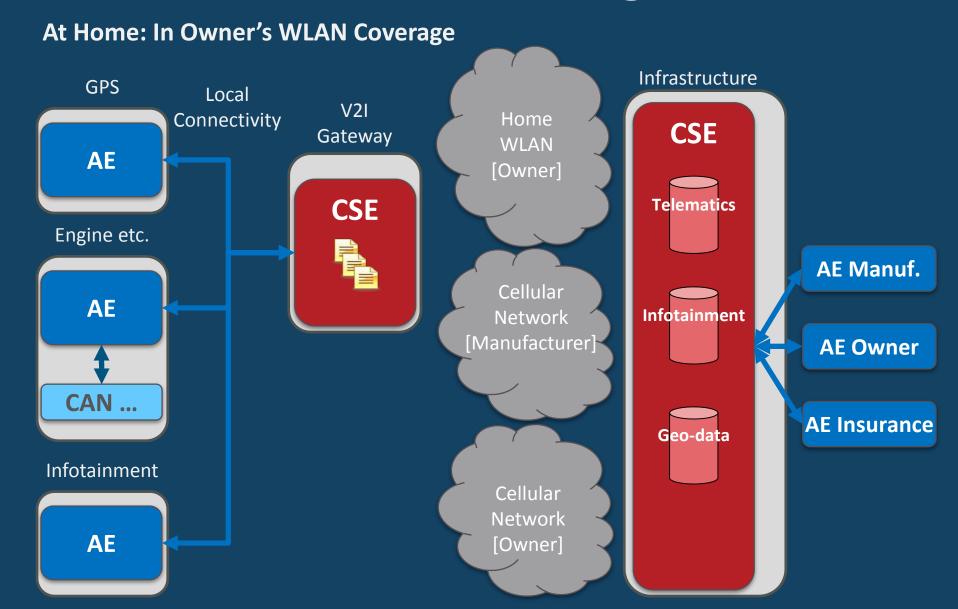


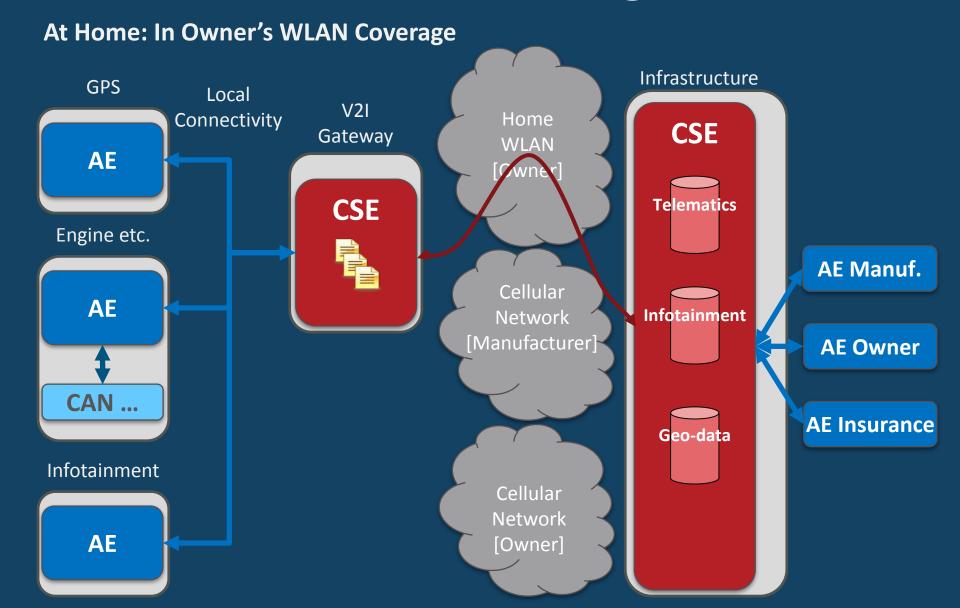


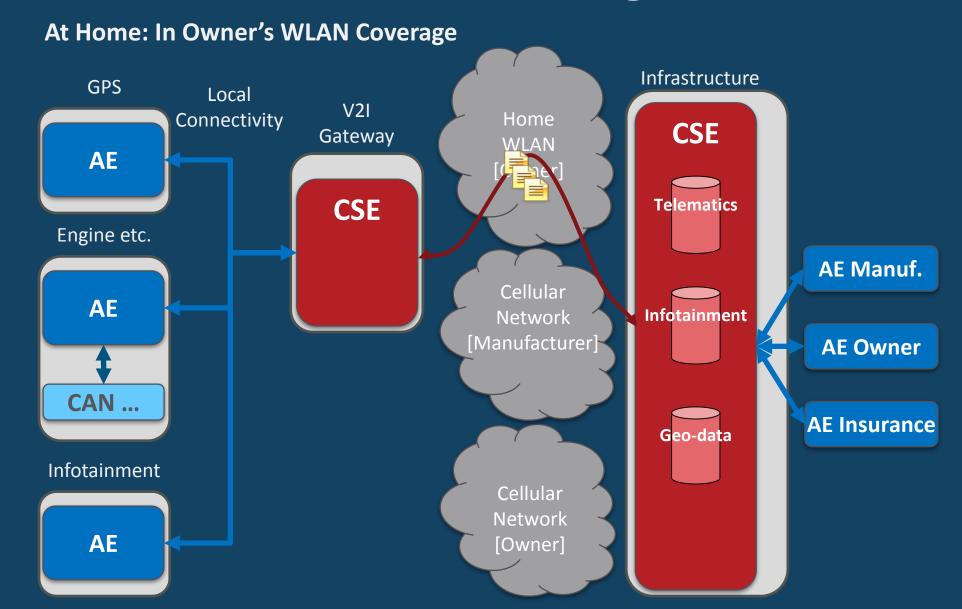


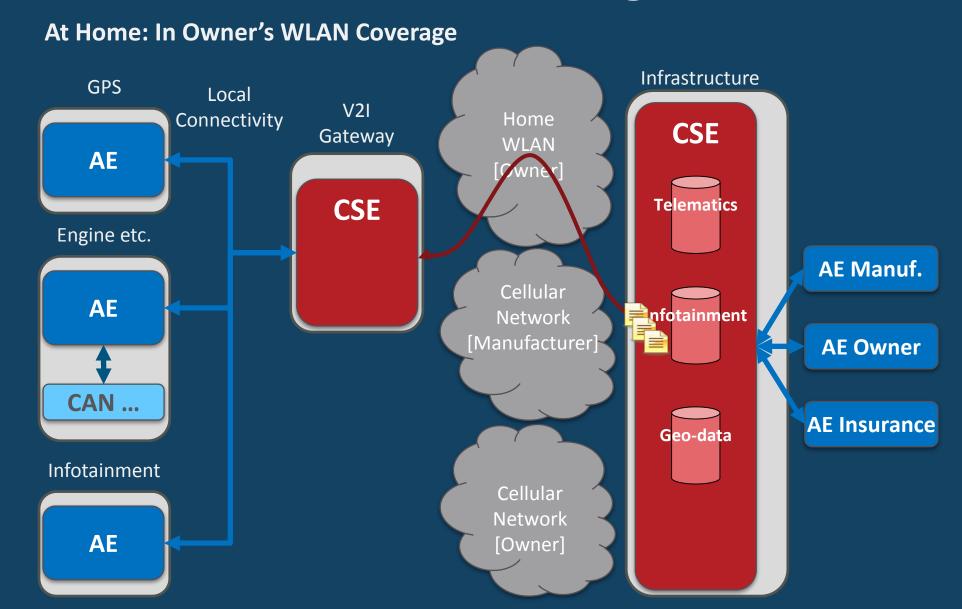


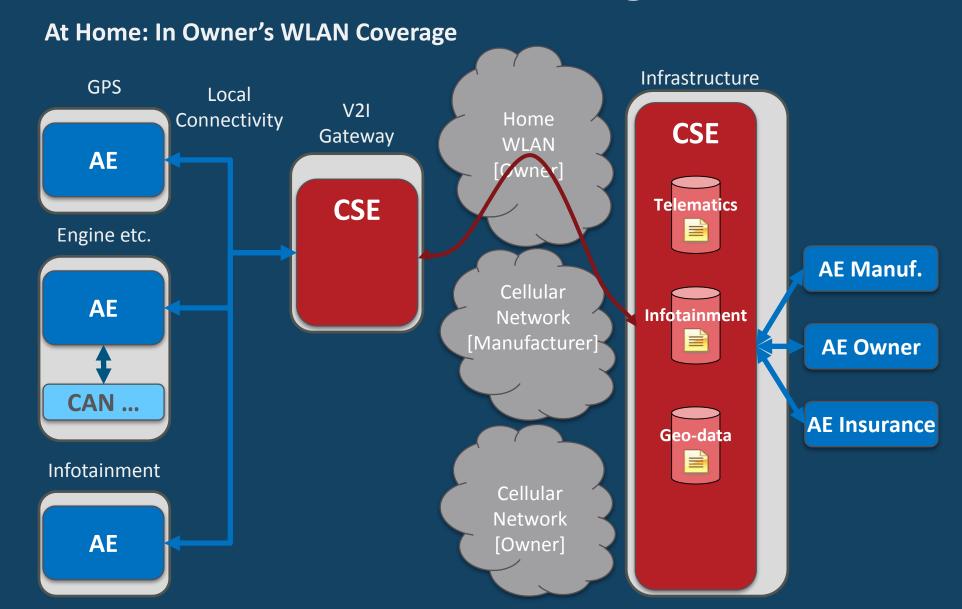


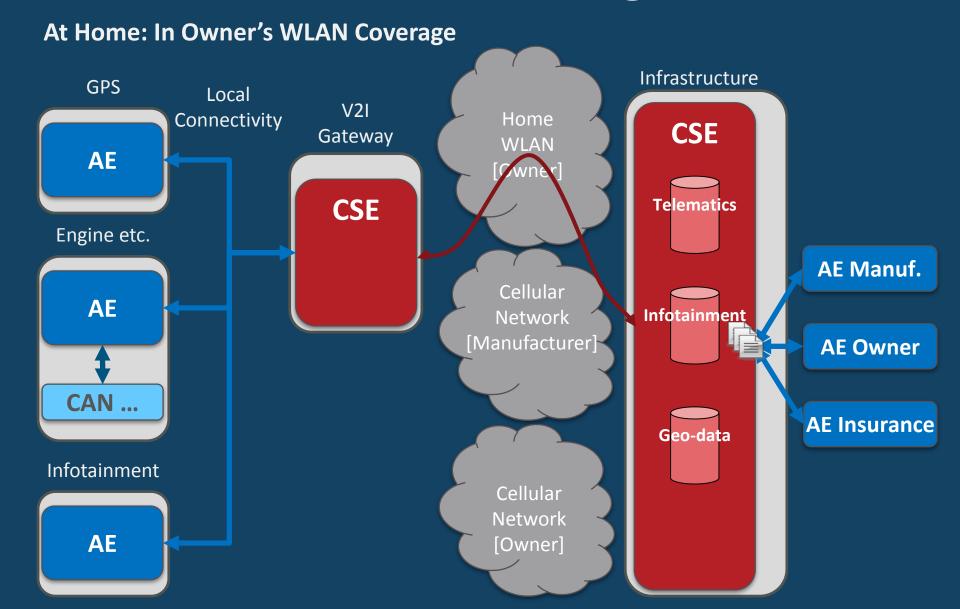


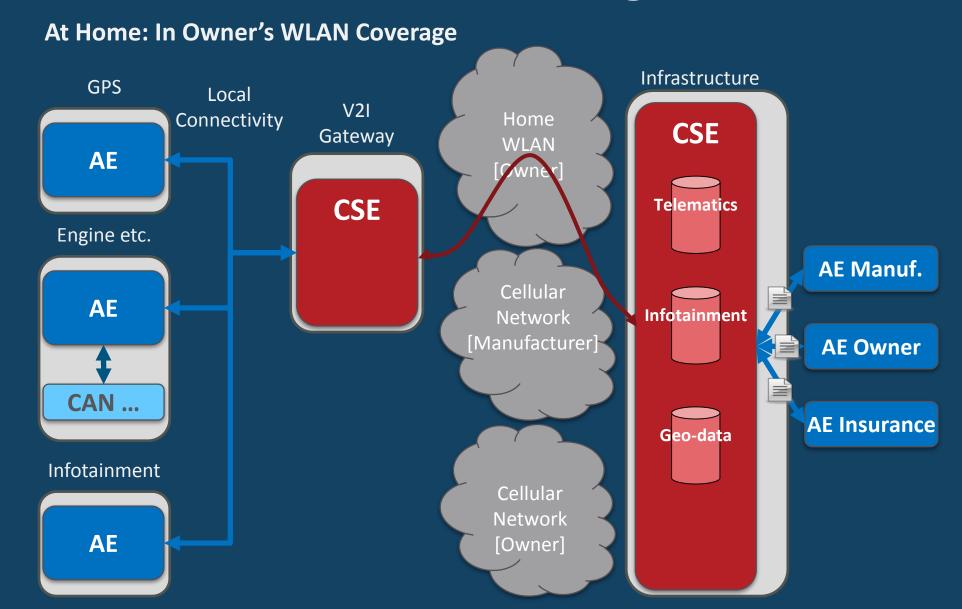


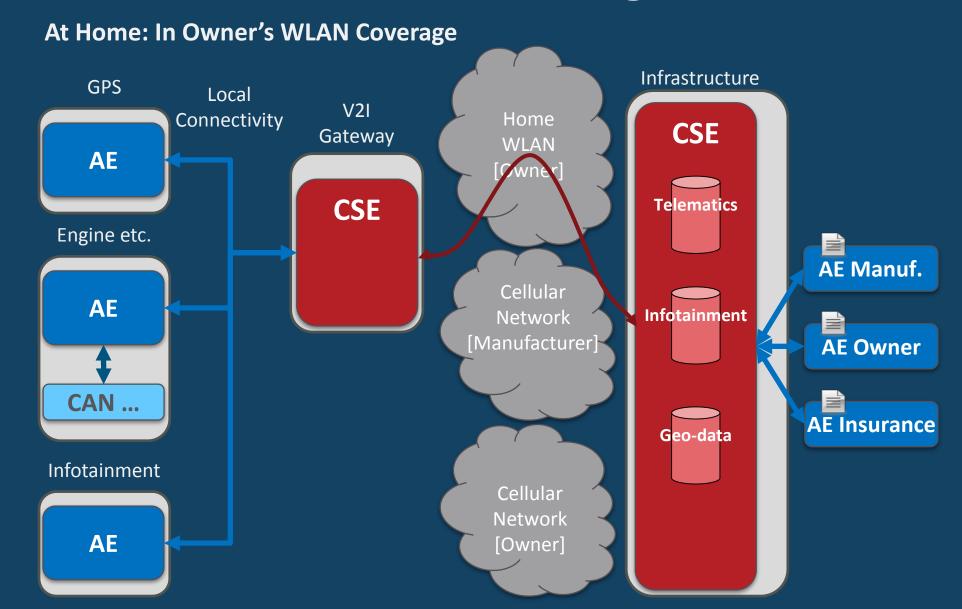


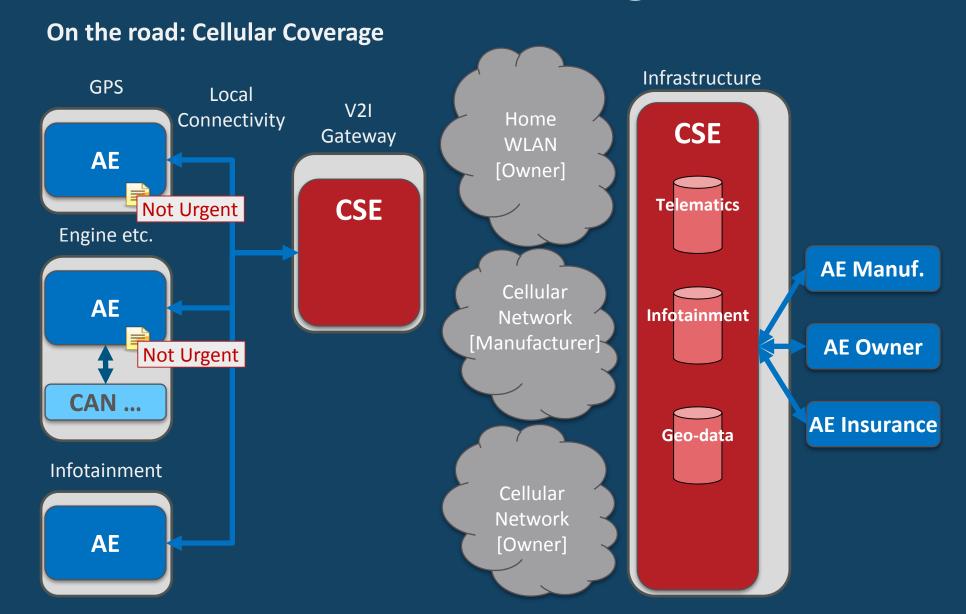


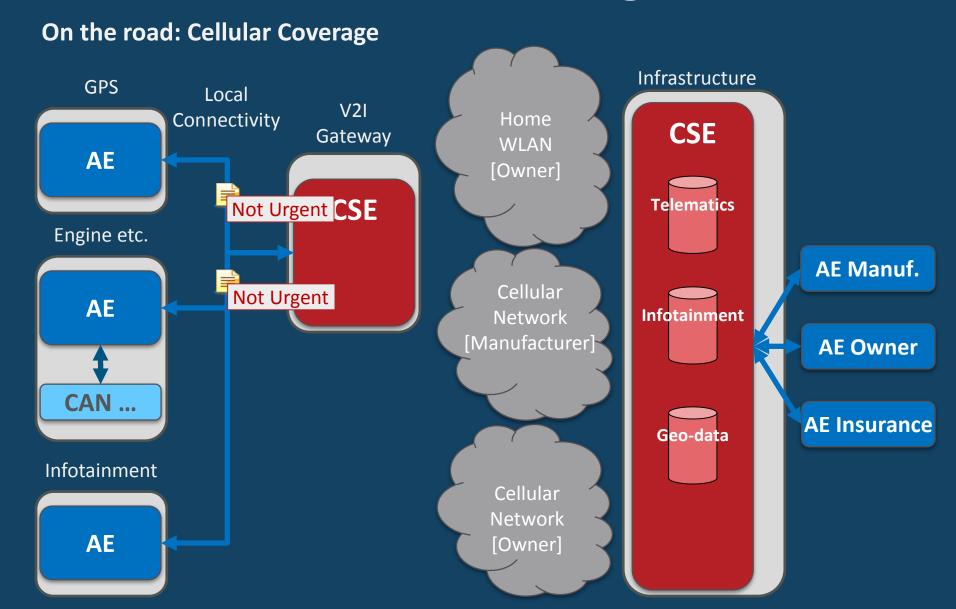


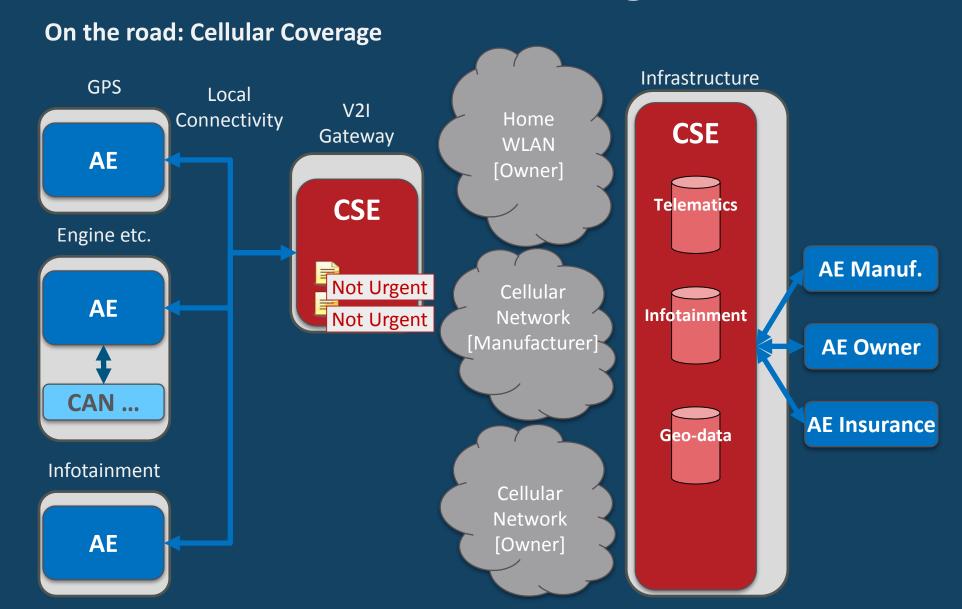


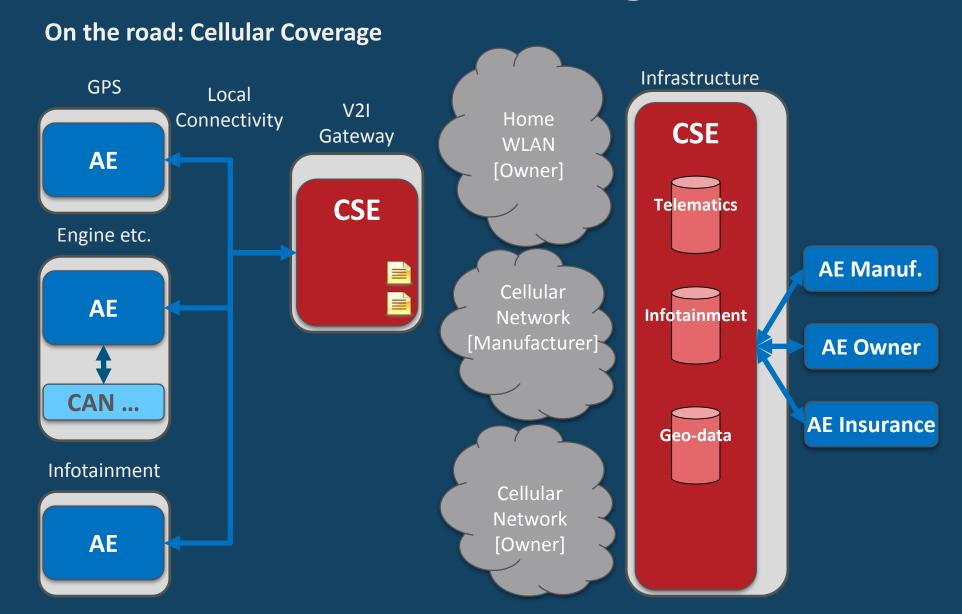


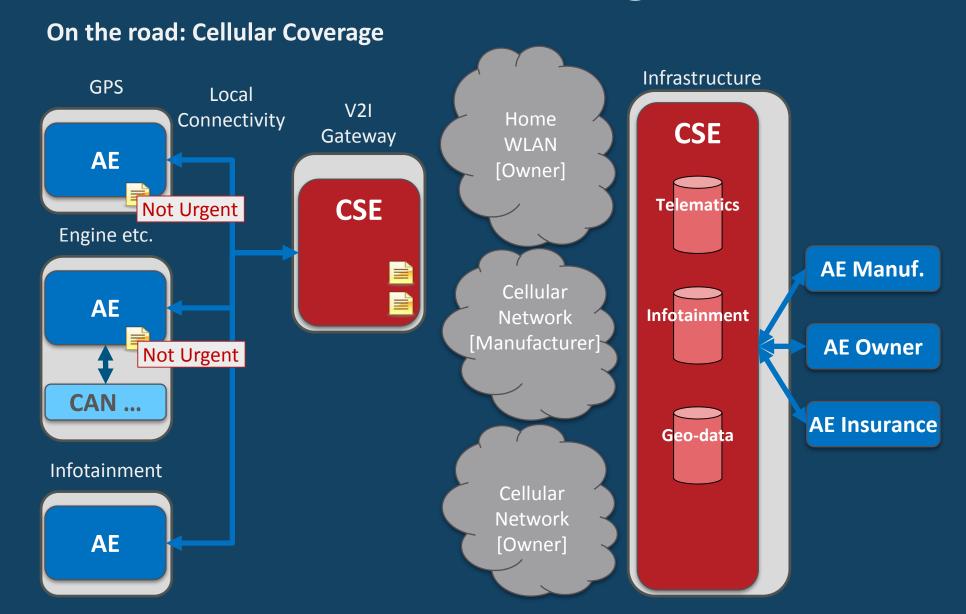


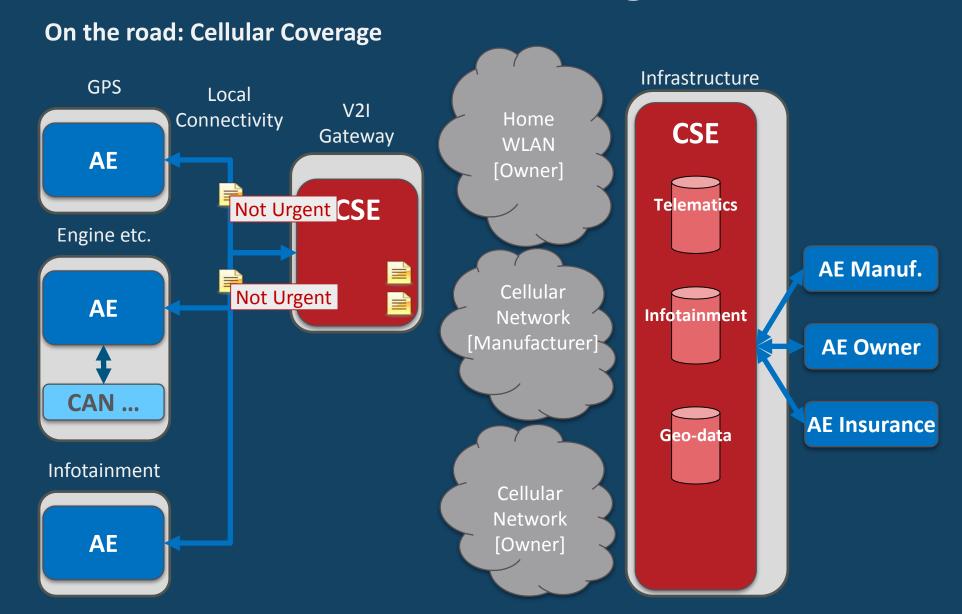


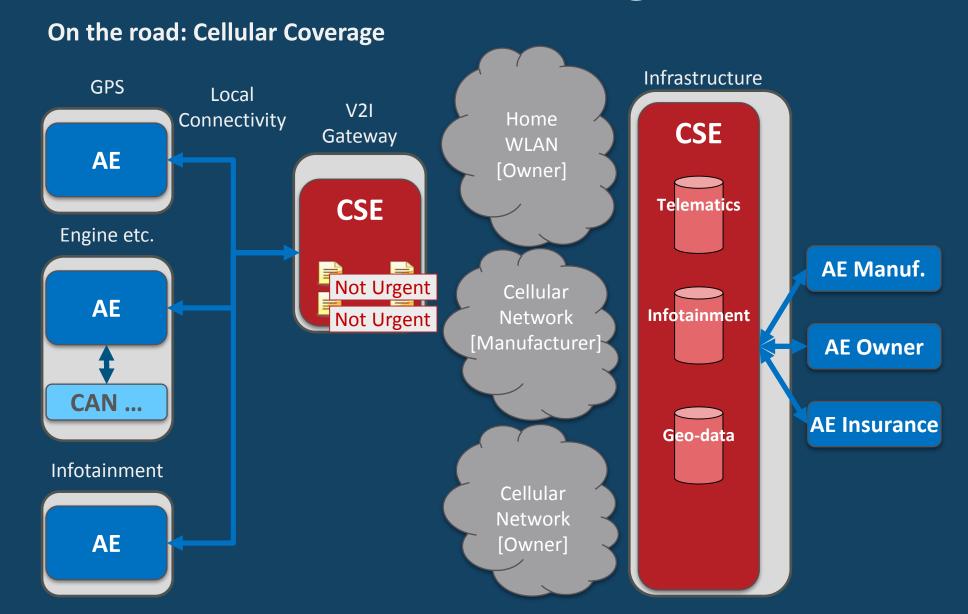


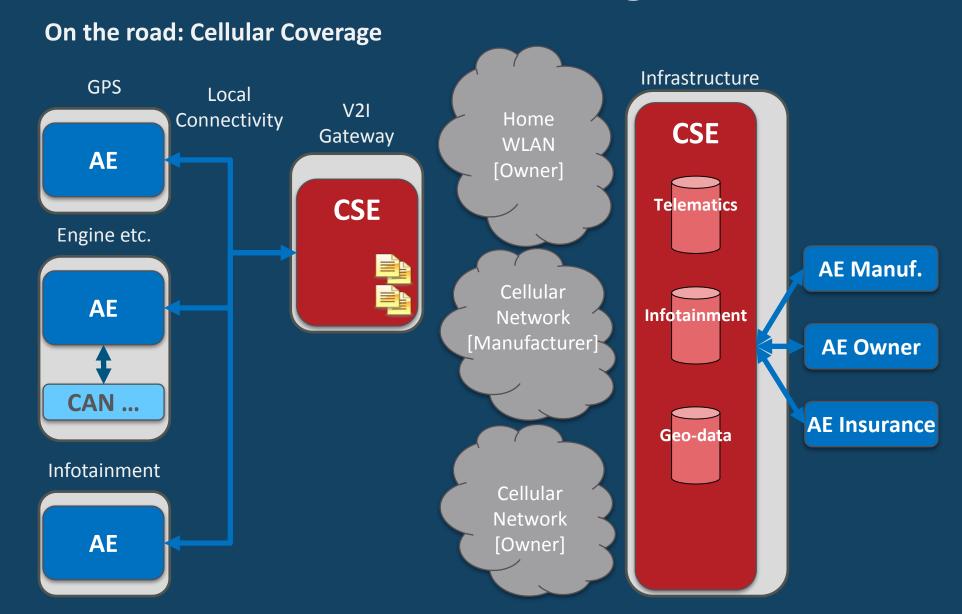


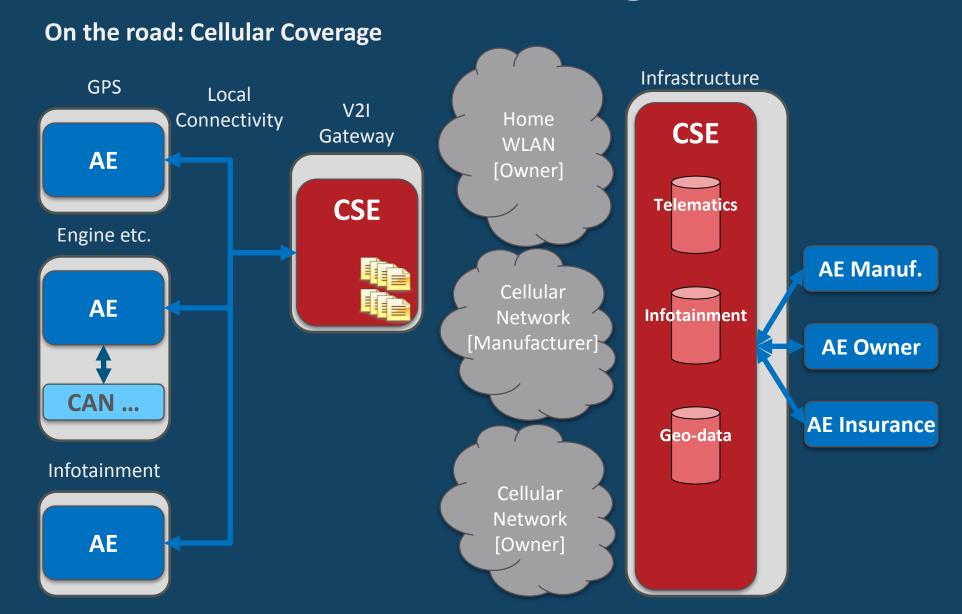


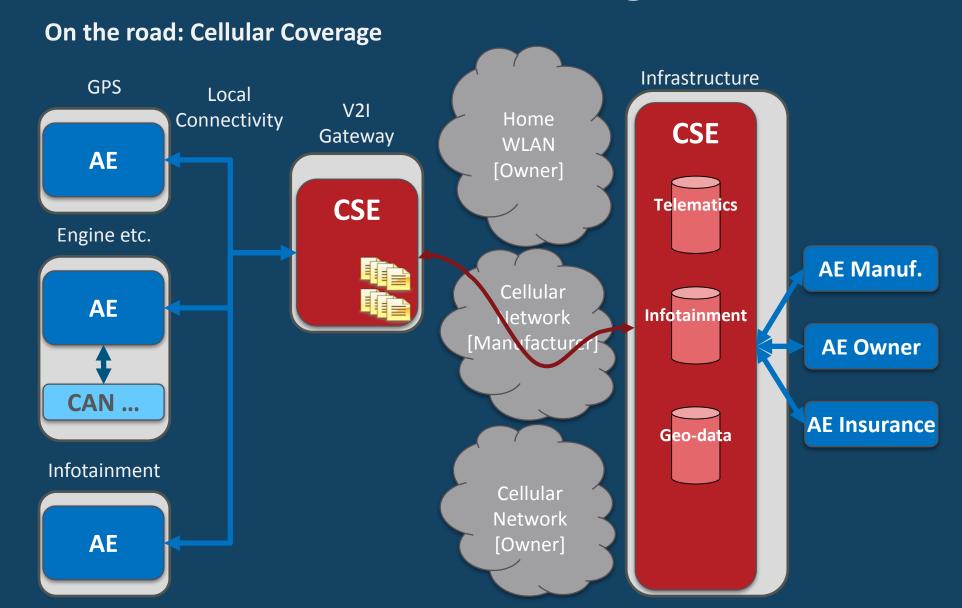


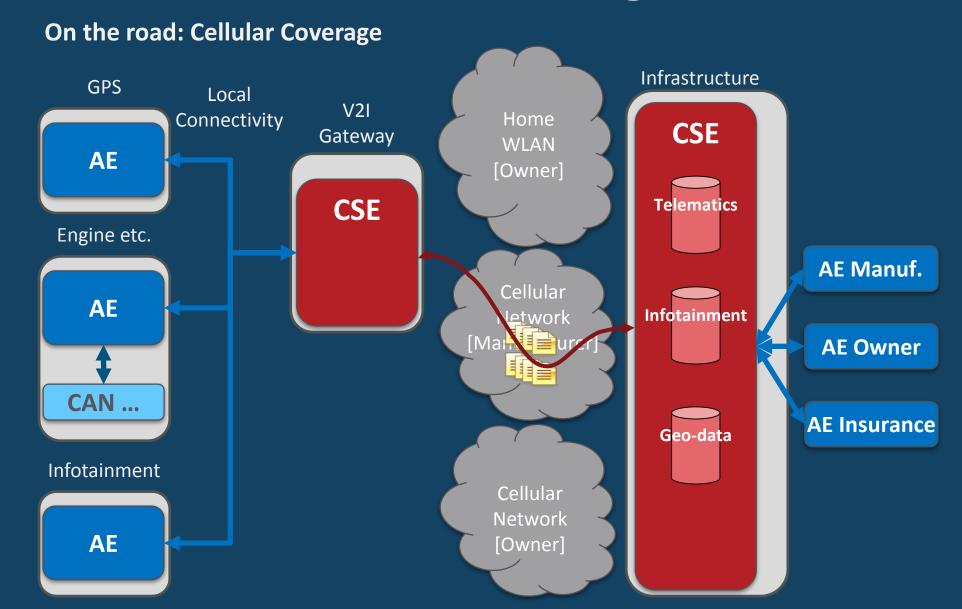


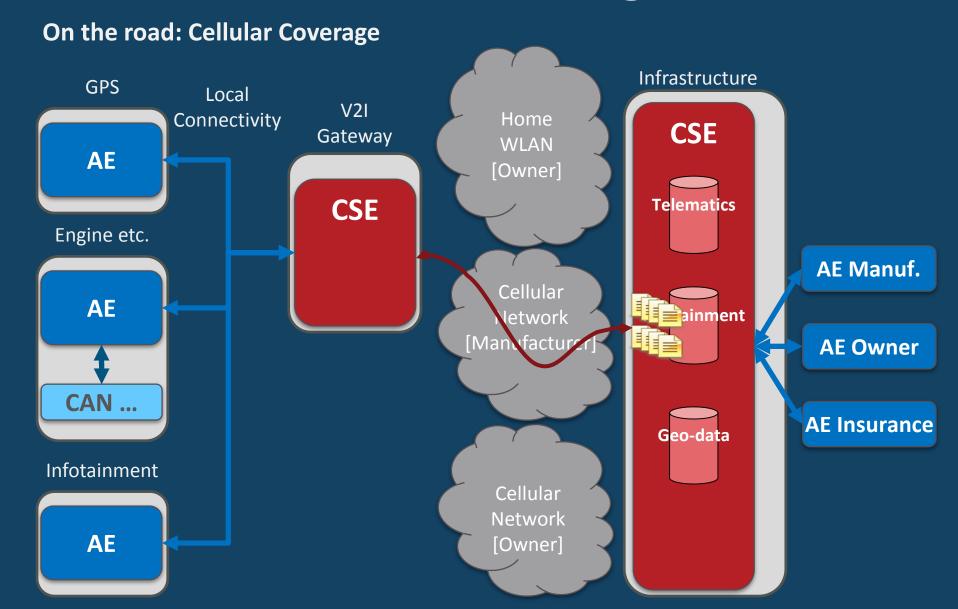


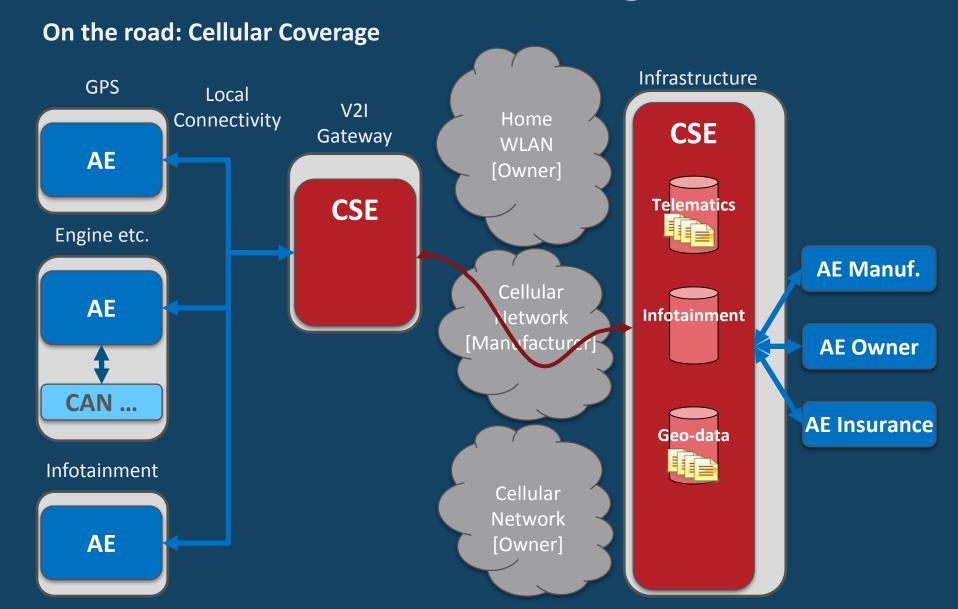


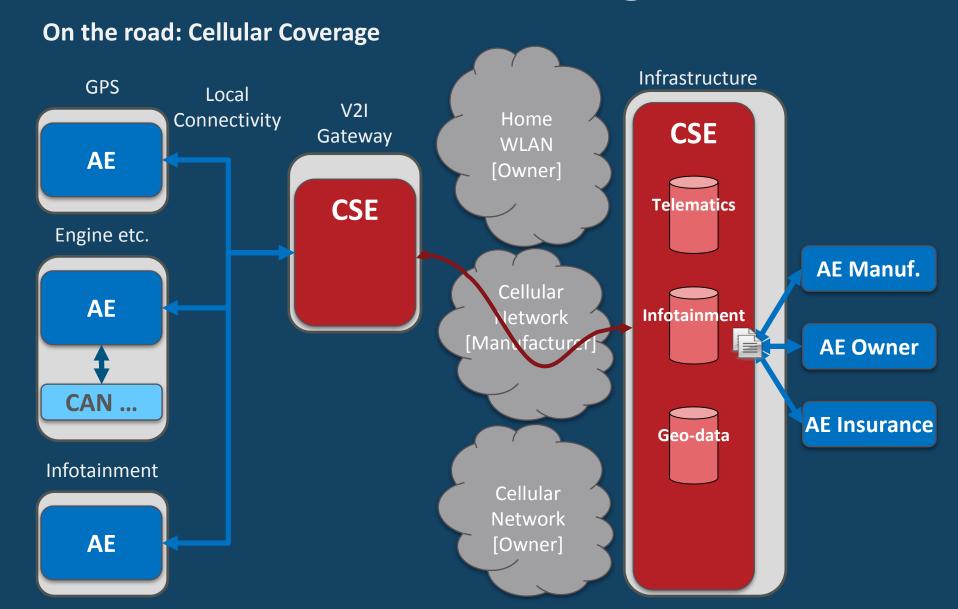


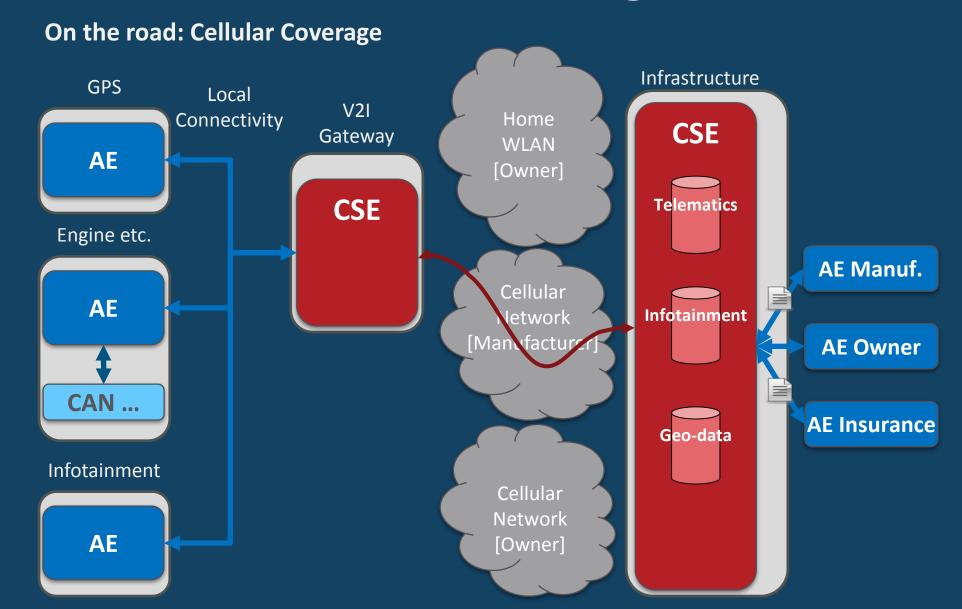


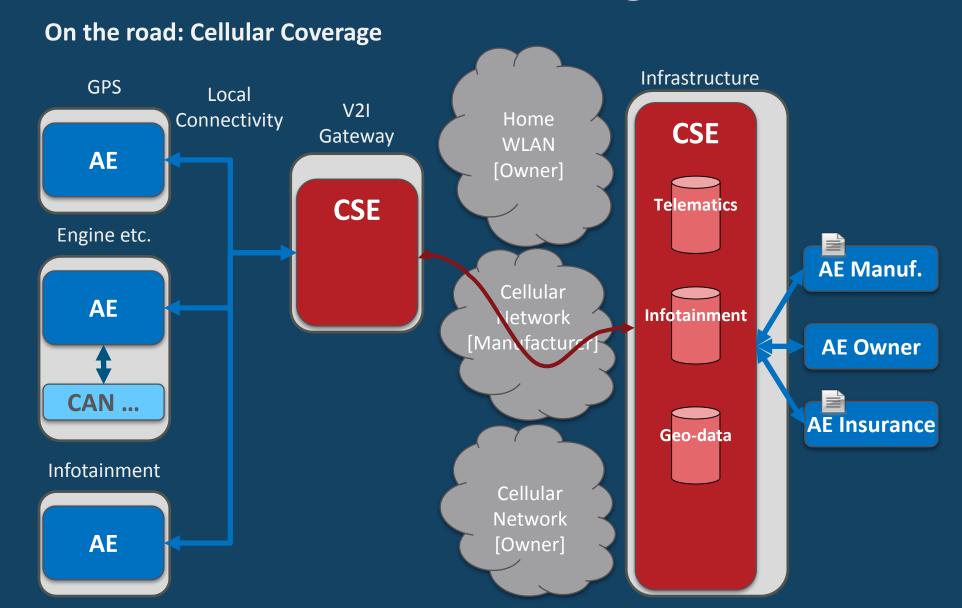


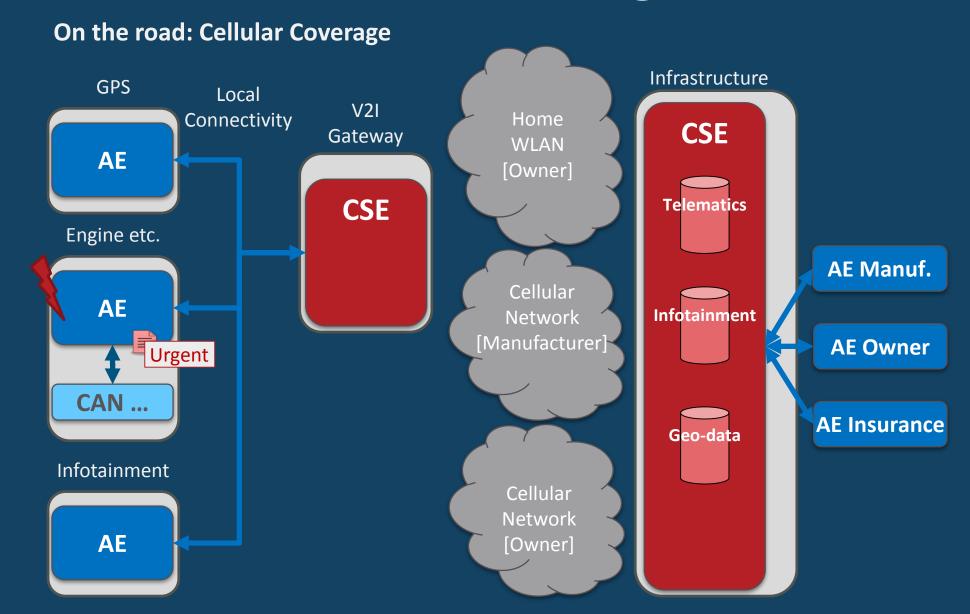


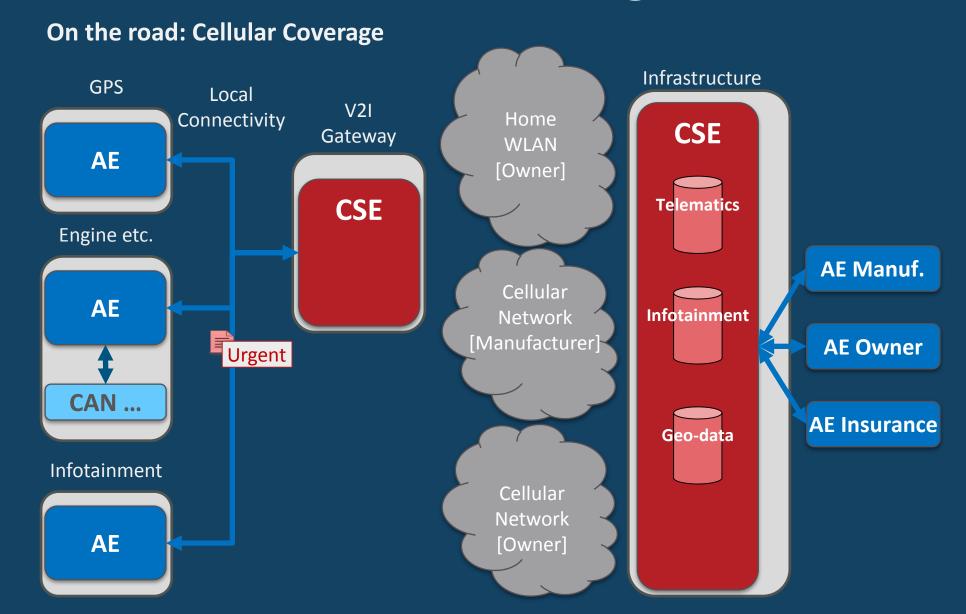


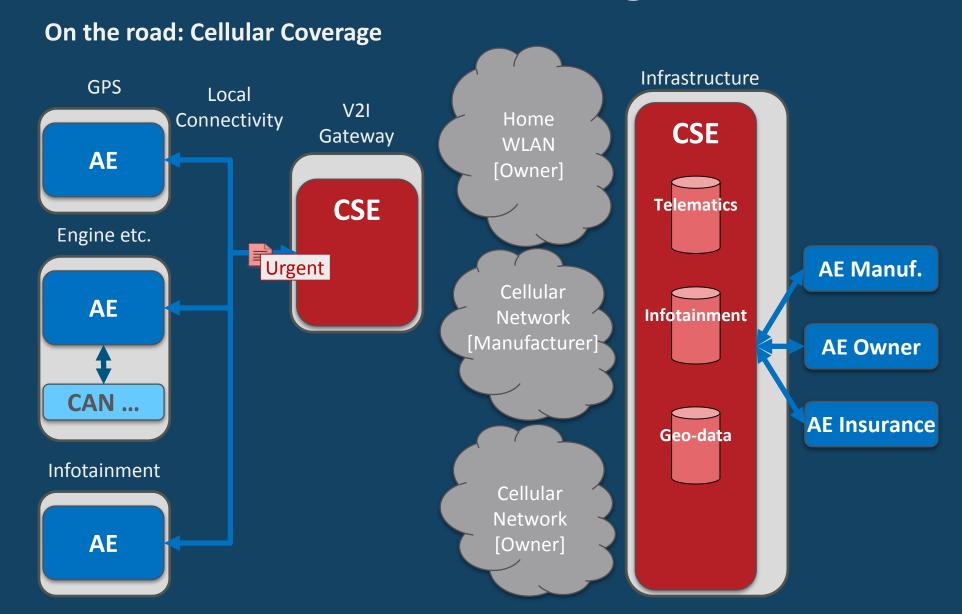


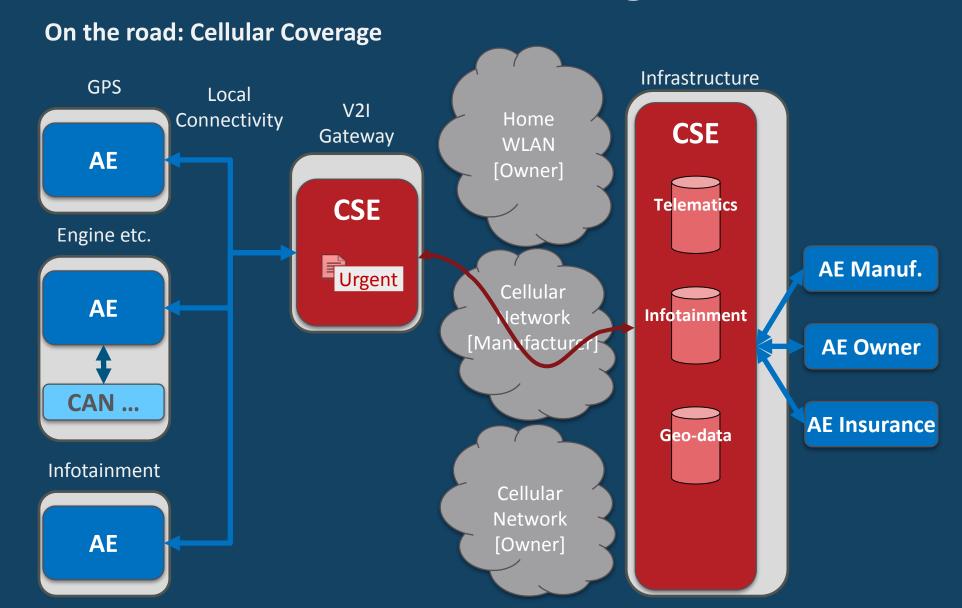


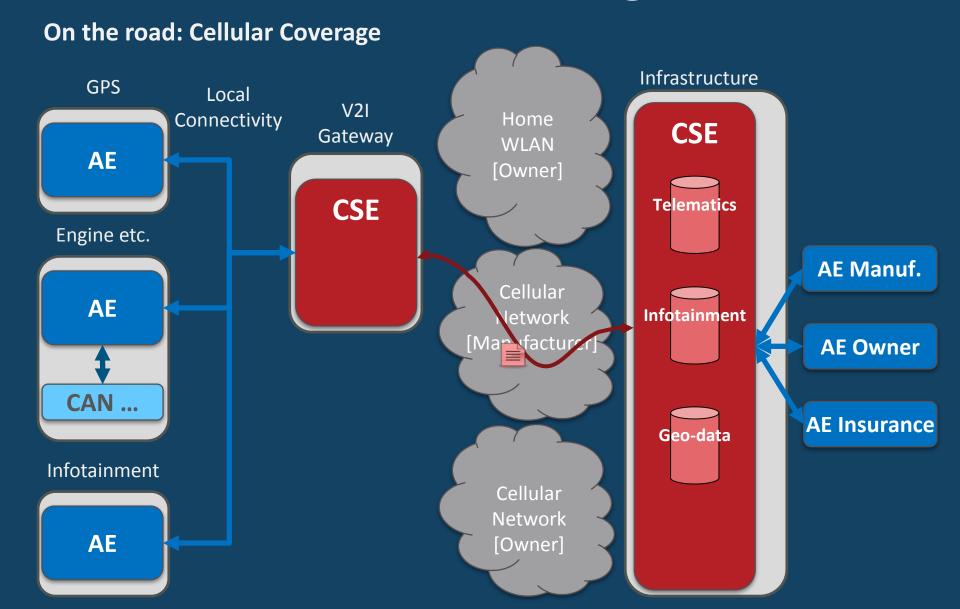


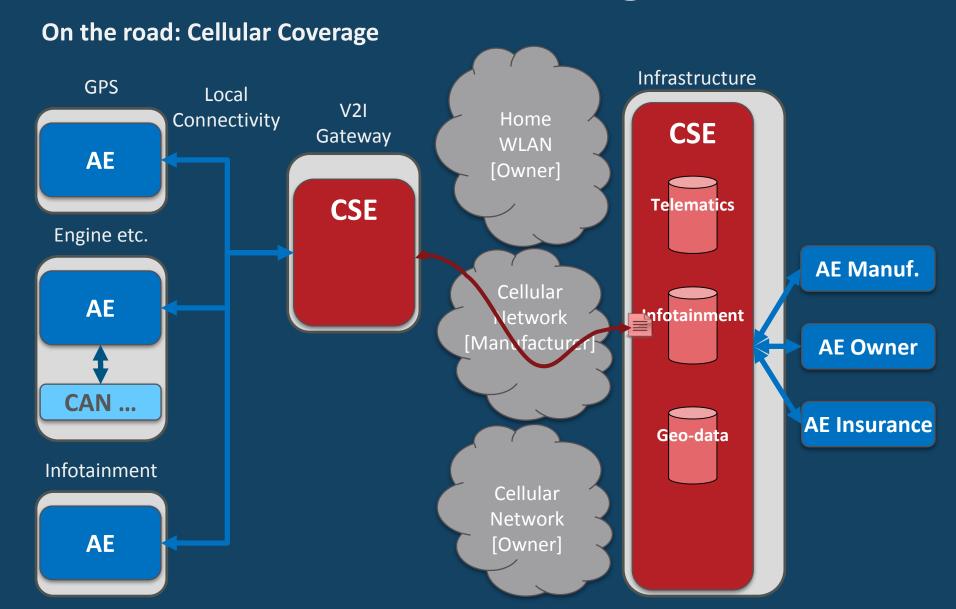


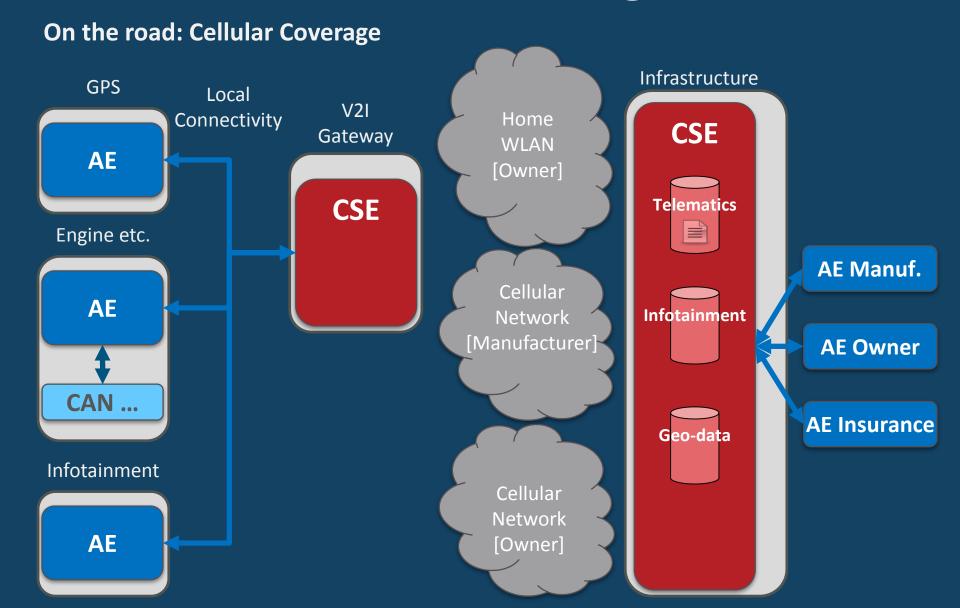


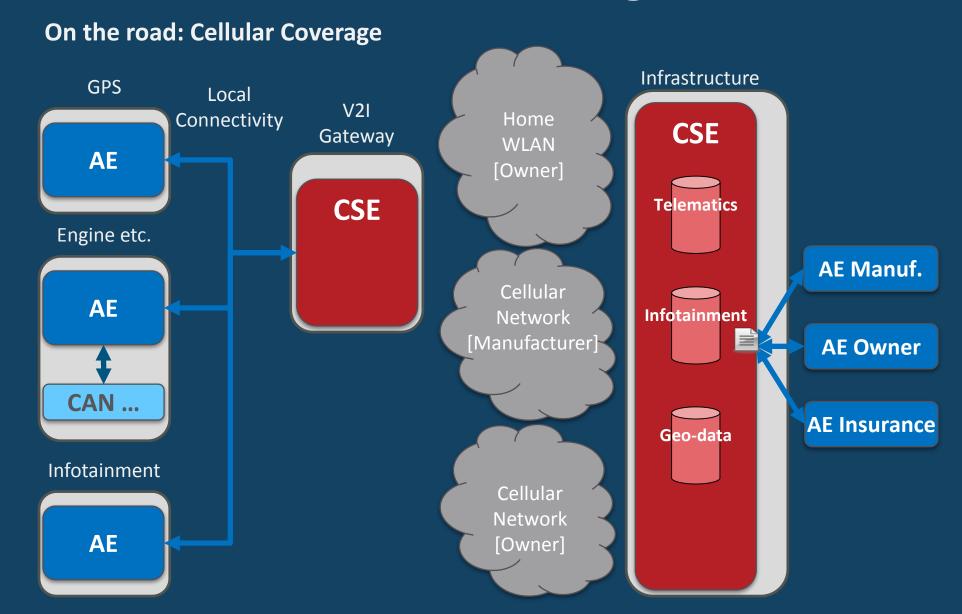


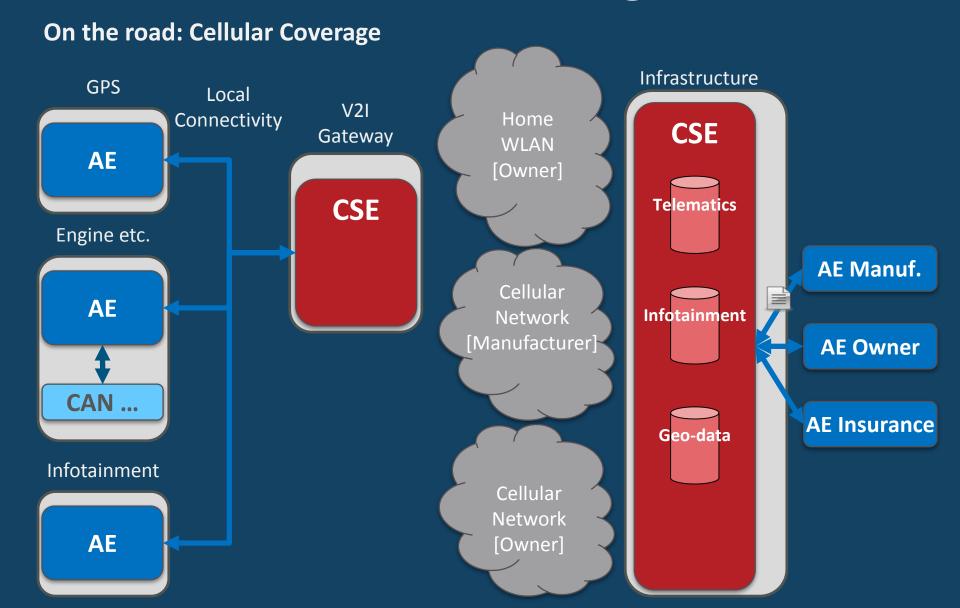


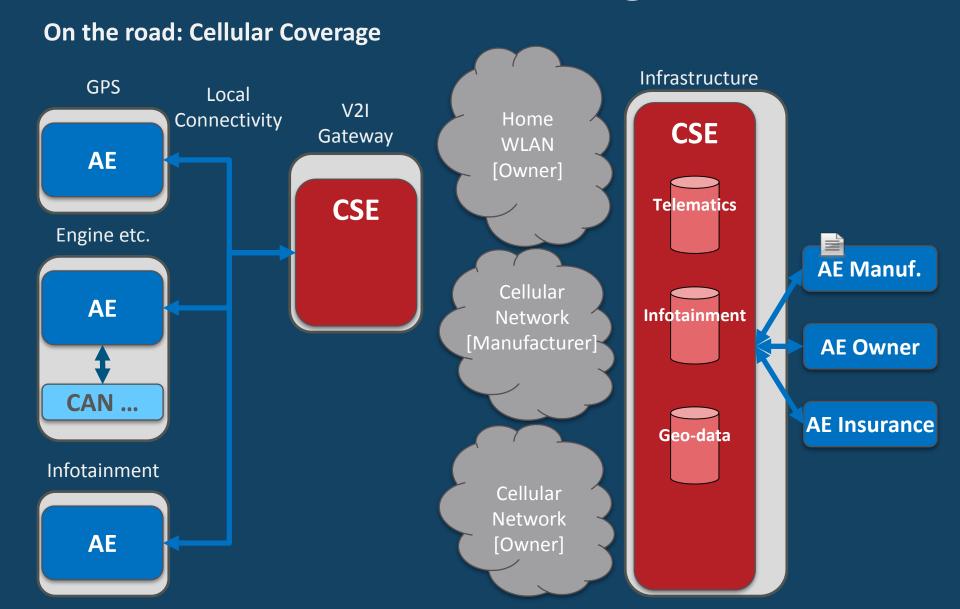


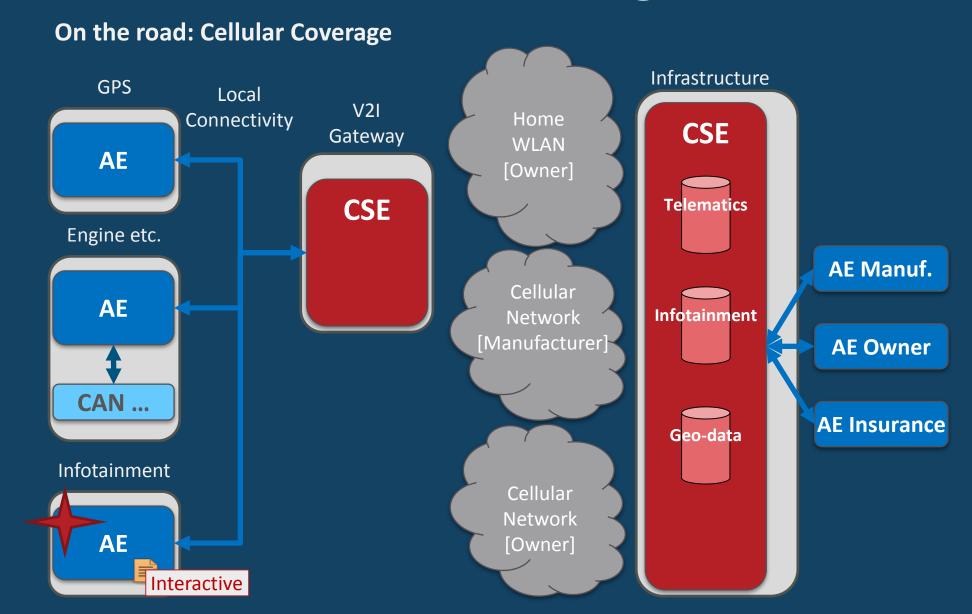


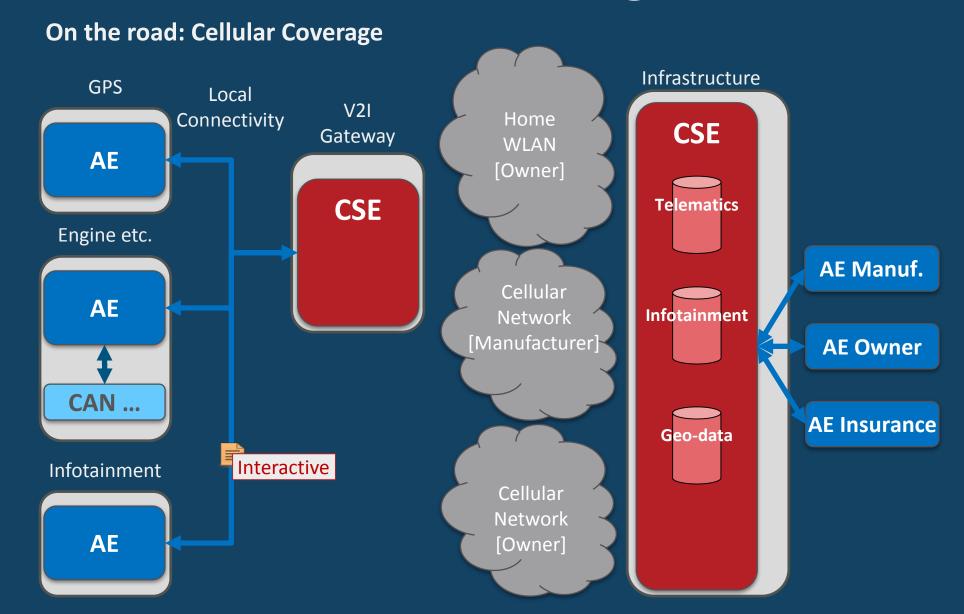


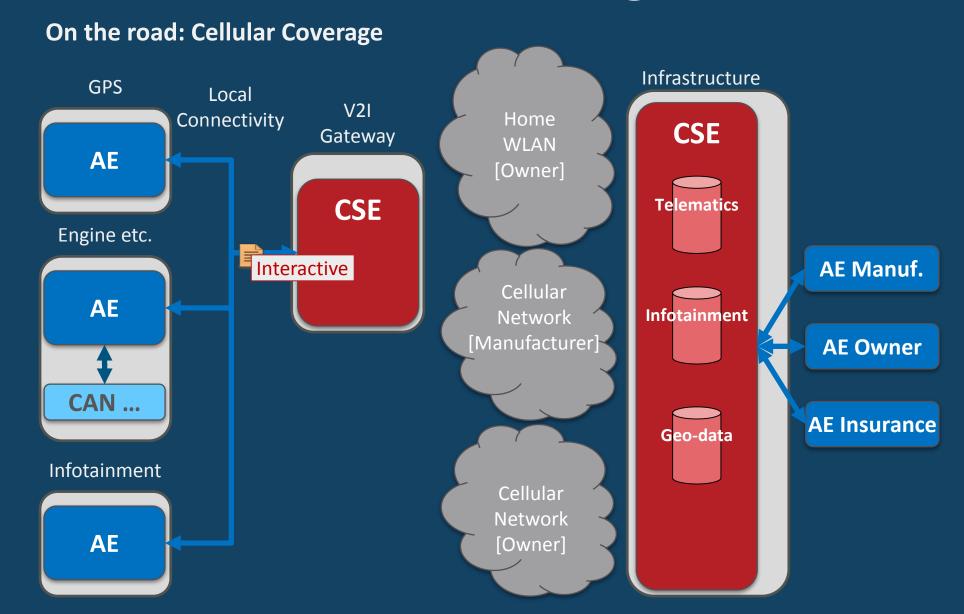


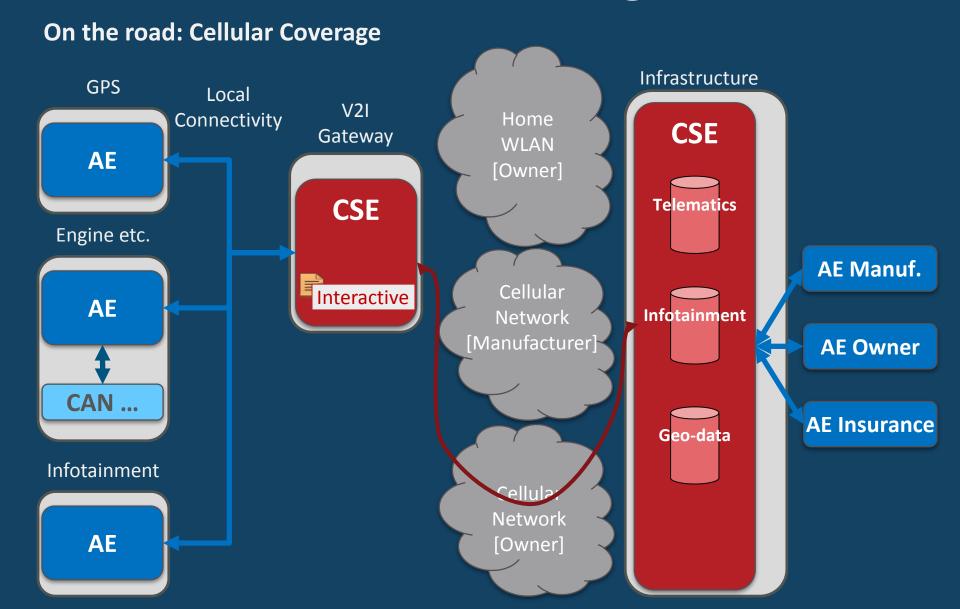


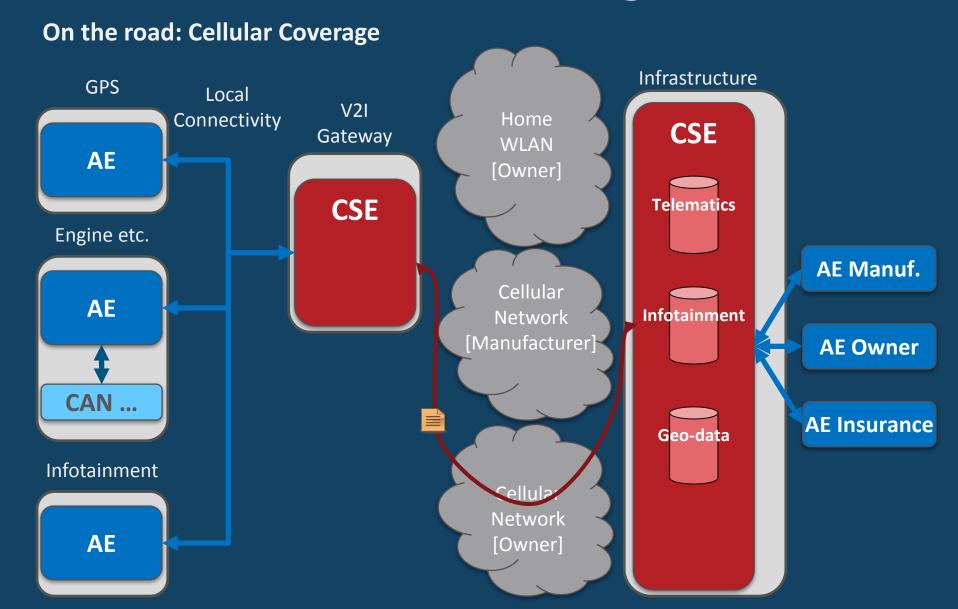


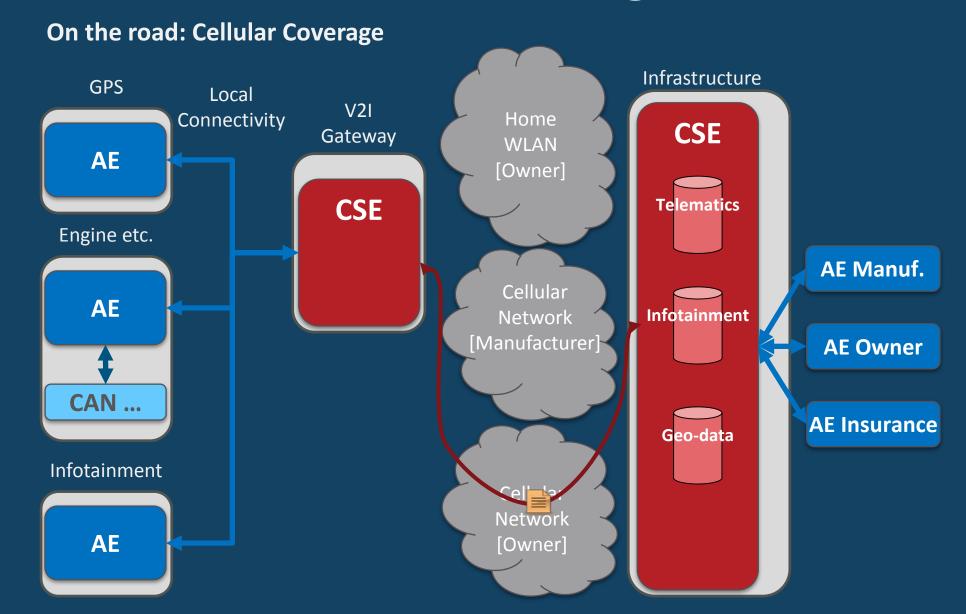


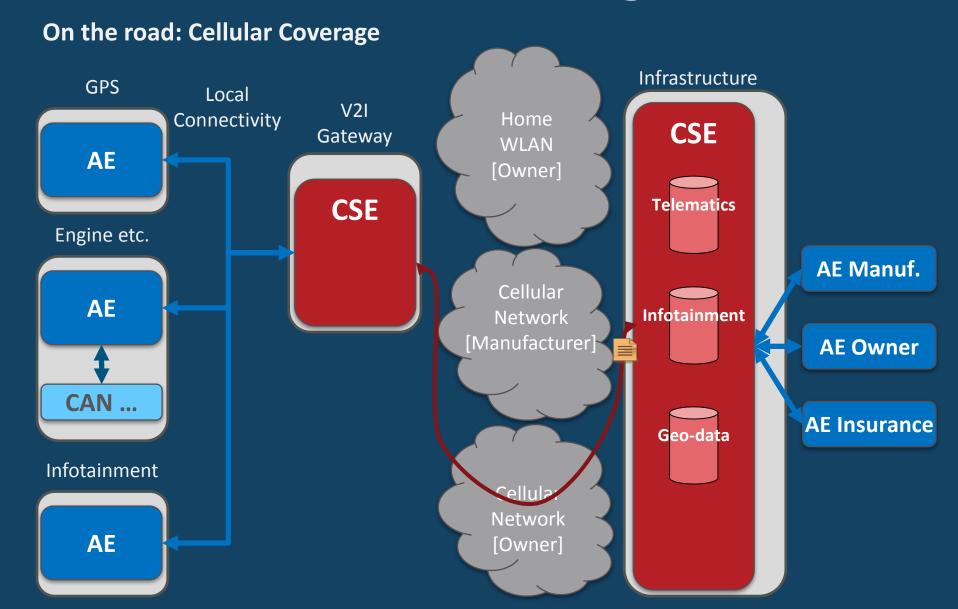


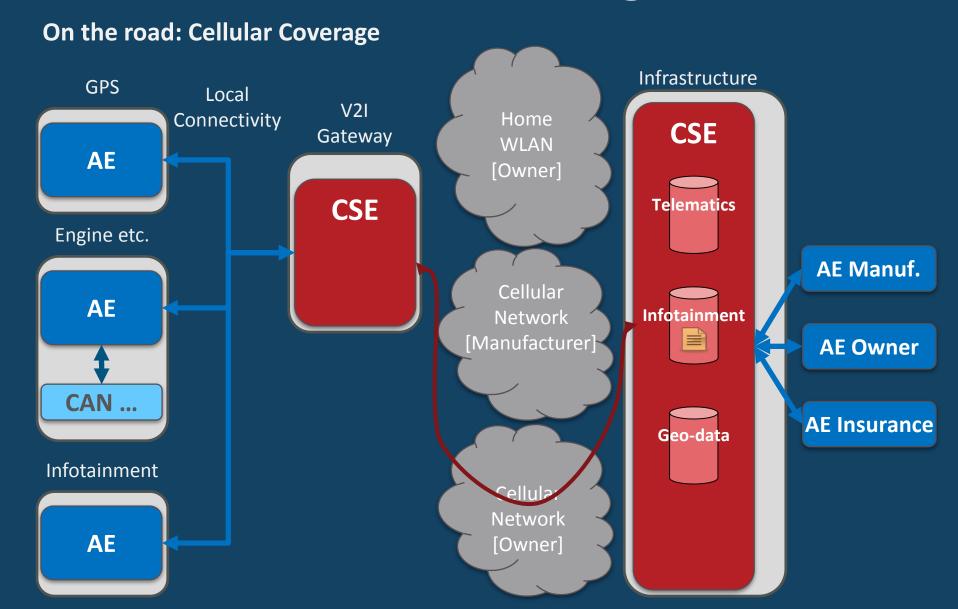


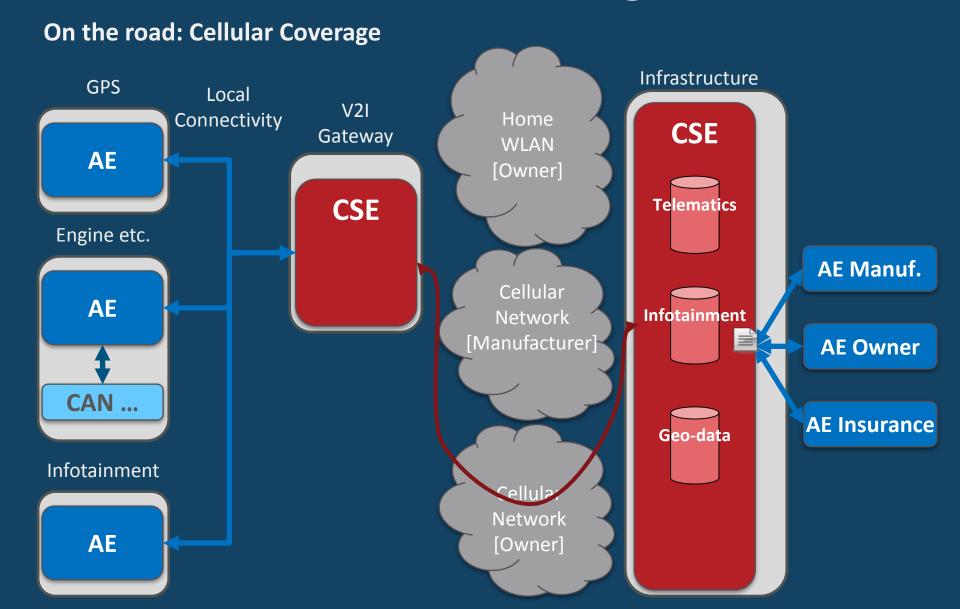


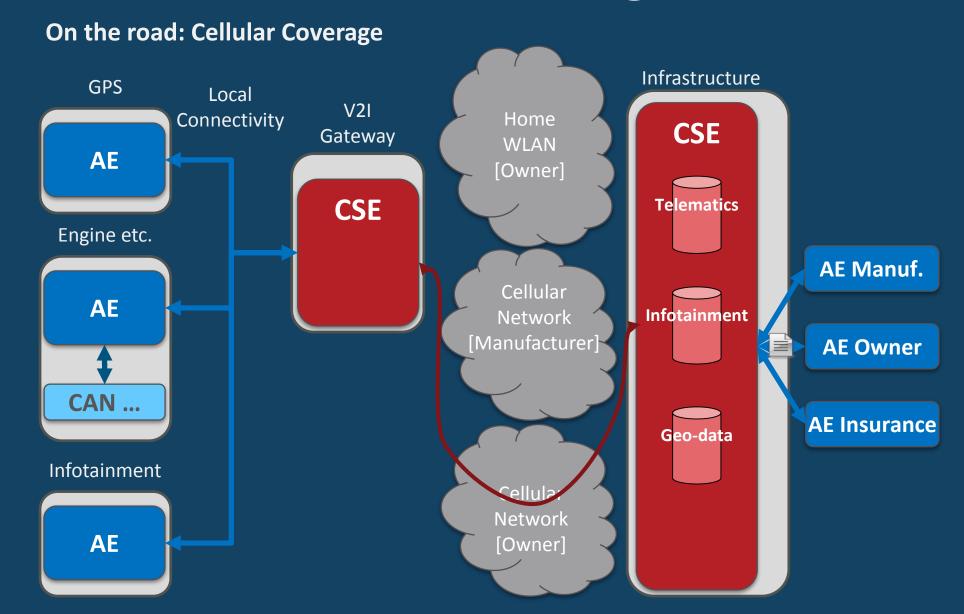


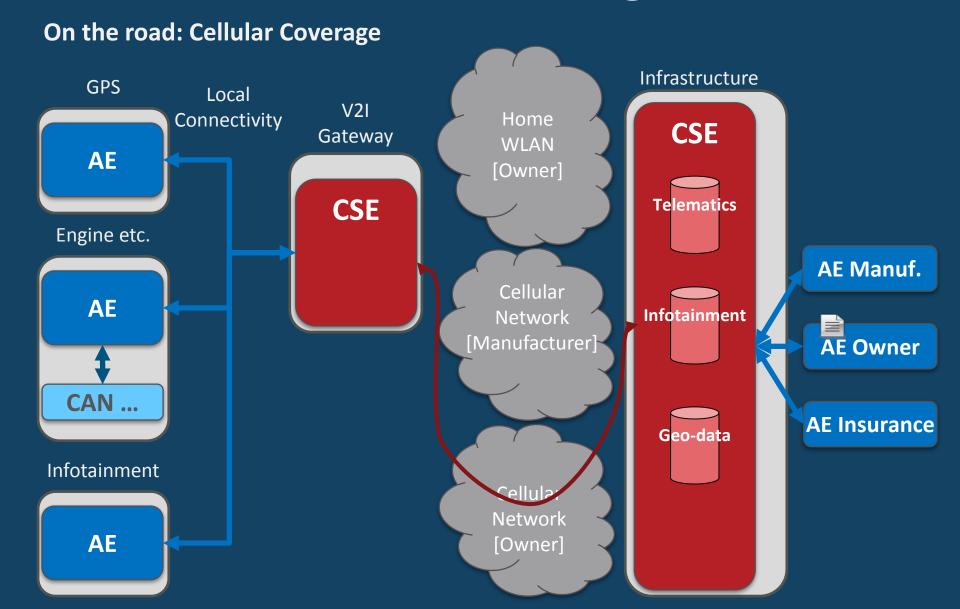








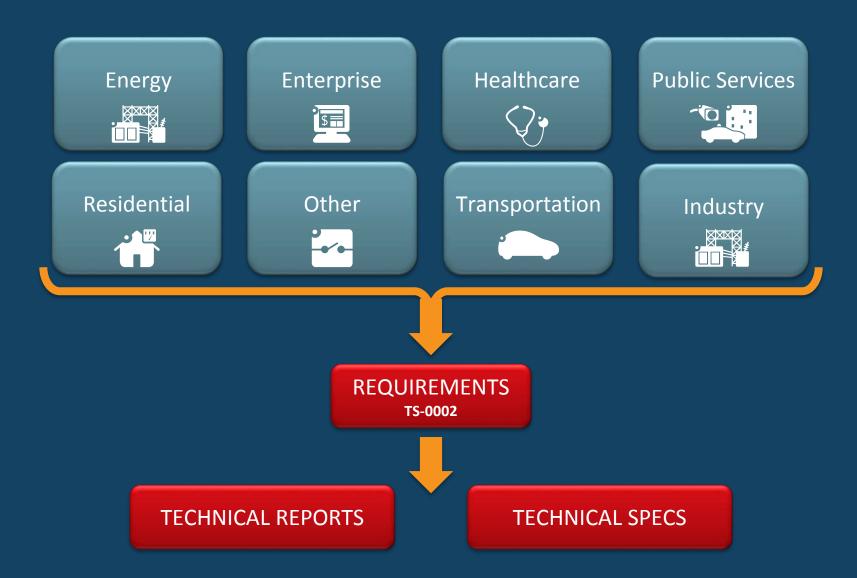




Status Quo and Next Steps

Releases of oneM2M

Work Process



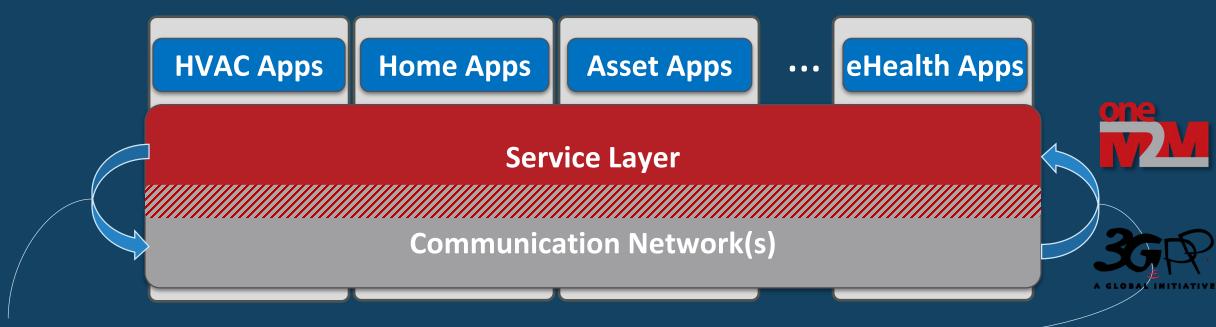
Key Features Rel-1 & 2

- Simple NW Usage, Enhanced Data Efficiency, NW Protection
 - Hides complexity of network technology from applications
 - Transport of M2M/IoE traffic gets very simple and more efficient at the same time
 - SL is in charge to enforce policies when which modem is used... not the applications
 - Capable to use MTC/M2M features of 3GPP (so far triggering, more for Rel-3)
- Reliable and Scalable Security
 - Hooks up entities using proven authentication/authorization/encryption
- Discovery & Data sharing based on Access Control
 - Share data amongst one or more stakeholders / applications
 - Possibly across different industry segments
- Device Management
 - Enable efficient management of large number of devices / nodes

Key Features Rel-1 & 2 (contd.)

- Selection of protocols: Pick what suits deployment scenario best
 - HTTP, CoAP, MQTT, Websockets
 - Serializations of data: XML, JSON, CBOR
- "Interworking Glue"
 - Proximal IoT: OCF/AllJoyn, LwM2M
 - Home Domain: Information models to bridge different eco systems Abstracting out specifics of Proximal IoT technology Alignment with OCF progressing
 - Industrial Domain:
 Some features in Rel-2 (time series)
 More to come in Rel-3 (OPC UA, DDS, Modbus)

Outlook Rel-3: 3GPP Interworking



Use MTC features of 3GPP Communication Network:

- Control features based on available meta information
- E.g. Power Saving Mode, Traffic Patterns
- Dynamically switch modes of operation / parameters

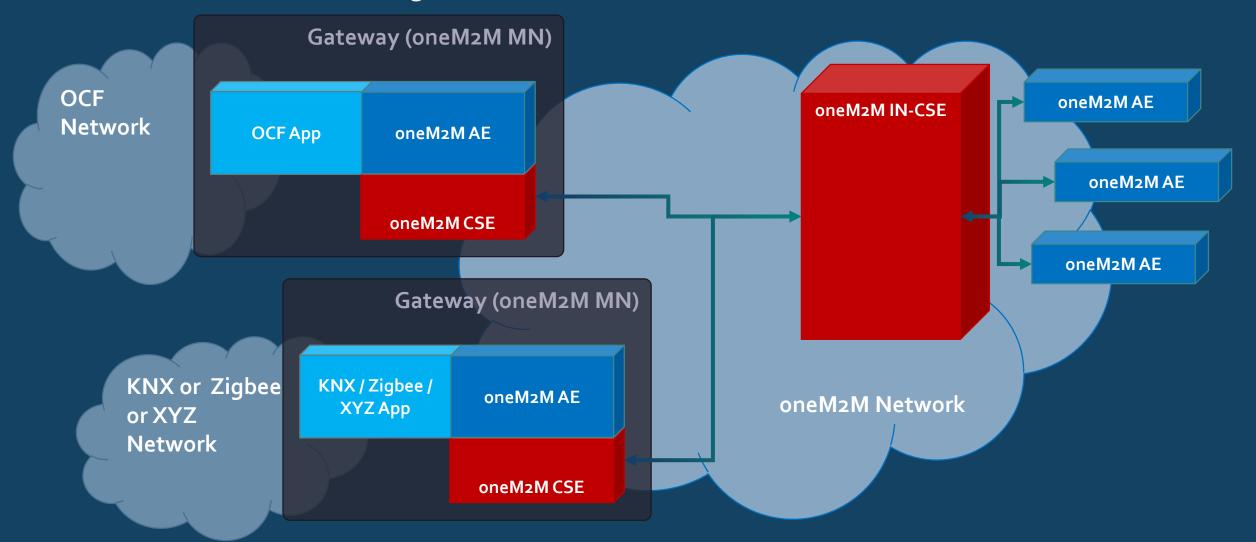
Provide information to oneM2M SL:

- Meta information for better scheduling
- Schedules of allowed network usage
- Information on location, loss of connectivity etc.

Appropriate interfaces of 3GPP (SCEF) being integrated with oneM2M provides efficiency & scalability enhancements

Outlook Rel-3: Proximal IoT Interworking

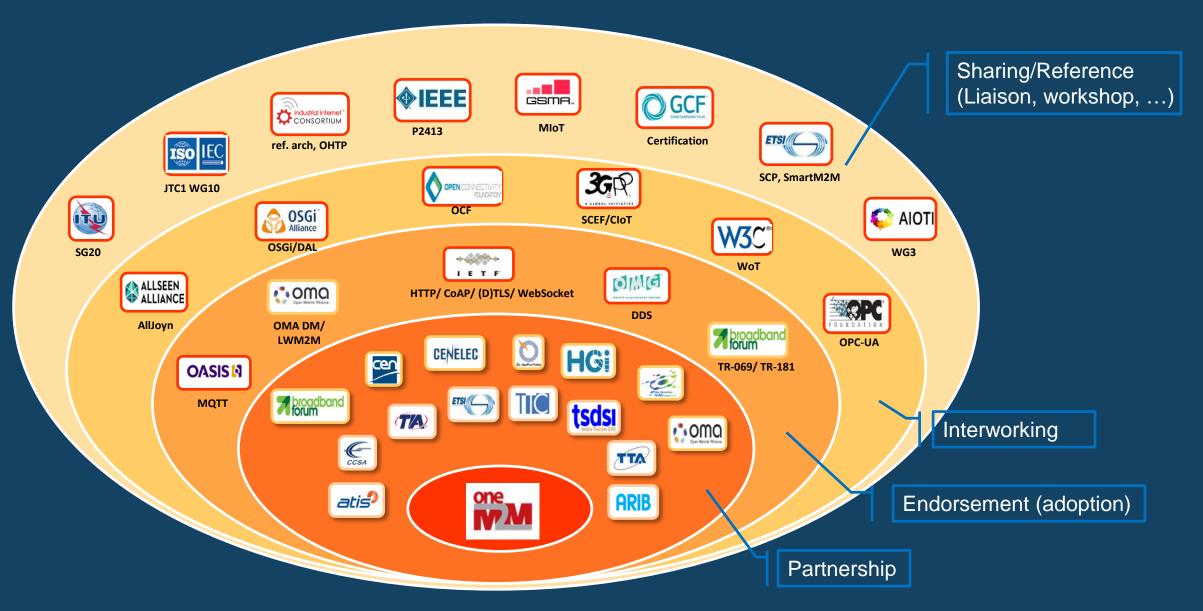
Other Technologies connected via oneM2M Entities & Ressource



Release 3 Highlights

- 3GPP Interworking
 - Tight integration with 3GPP features for MTC / NB-IoT (long sleep cycles etc.)
 - Usage of functions exposed by 3GPP via SCEF (Developer does not need to know)
 - Goal: Increase efficiency, lower power consumption, protect network, control traffic
- Proximal IoT Interworking
 - Generic scheme for "bridging" between oneM2M and other technologies
 - Improvement of existing OCF/AllJoyn/LwM2M interworking, addition of OSGi / W3C
 - Seamless functionality across border of Proximal IoT (Abstraction)
- Industrial Interworking
 - New "bridging" specifications for Modbus/DDS/OPC-UA
 - Relationship with IIC

Collaborations



Implementations

Industry-driven Open source implementations





















Announcements, Demos, Commercial implementations







































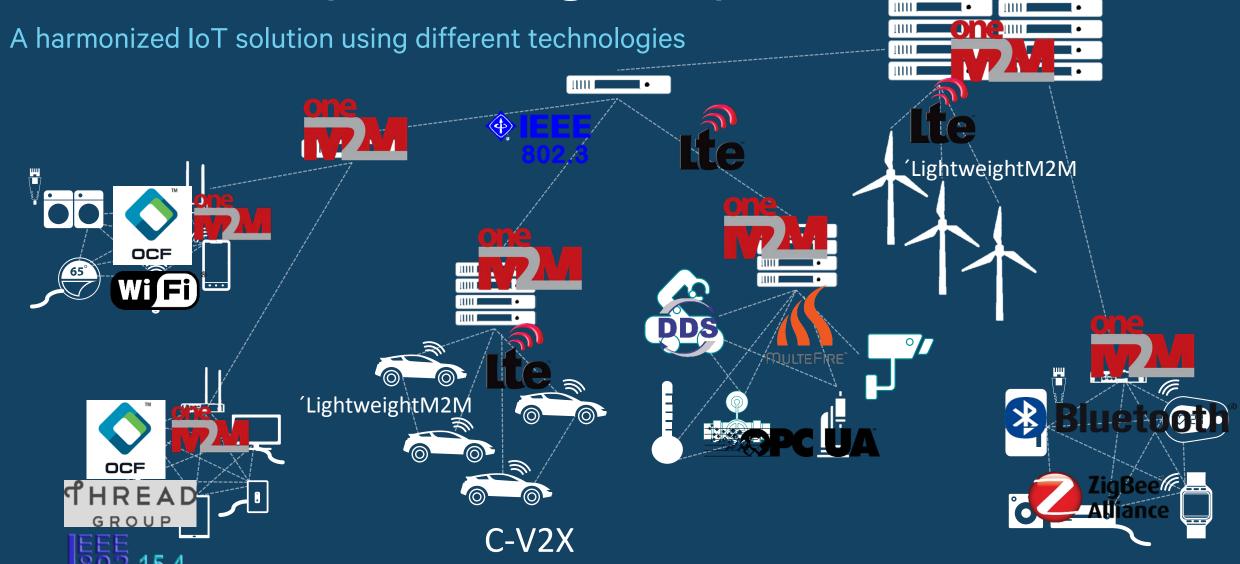
NEC

4 interop. events so far





oneM2M capable to glue "proximal" loT



What's Next?

Several IoT technologies are
 COMPLEMENTARY

and

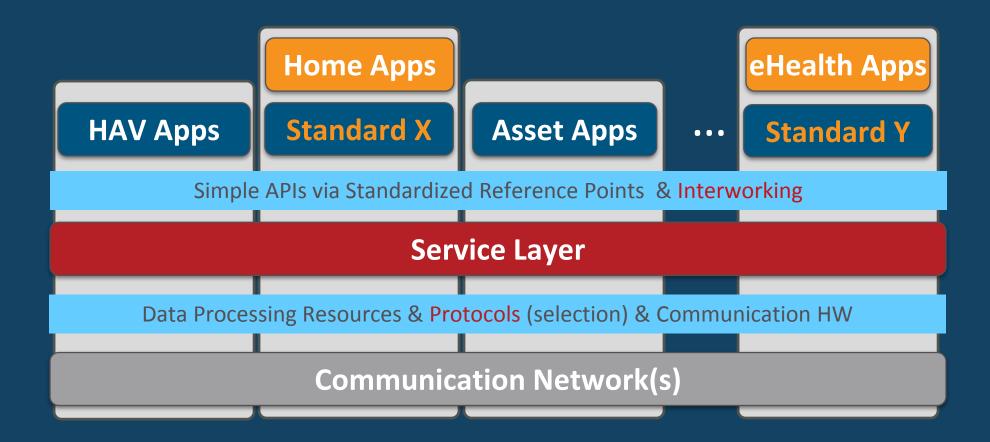
not COMPETING

- Need to explain that and get a joint messaging out
- Intensify work with collaborating orgs to show synergies
- Remainder of this day is dedicated to that

Thank You!

Backup

Interworking



Impact: Efficiency / Aggregation 个 **NW Protection 个** Cost \checkmark Fragmentation **J New Opportunities 个**

CAPEX Impact

Application Development

Simple **APIs** e.g. Library



Unified Platform

e.g. Modules or Gateways

Server



Developer:





- No module/network expert needed App development independent of
- underlying transport
- Standard message exchanges
- Focus on use case logic
- Faster development process





Lower **CAPEX**

Service Deployment



- Only one platform
- Serves commonly needed functions to different use cases and applications
- Shared infrastructure & core service across different customers / verticals



OPEX Impact

