

# An overview about the oneM2M Open Source Ecosystem

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# The Adventures First! Explanations Take Such a Dreadful Time

Open Source in the  
oneM2M Partnership Project



# Why Open Source for Standards Development?

## Implementation first

- ➔ Validation of new features and test cases
- ➔ Ensure the standard is implementable and interoperable

## Make the standard available to a broader audience

- ➔ Not only code: tutorials, tools, art-ware ...
- ➔ Education, training, and marketing

## Backend Implementations

- ➔ [ACME] CSE
- ➔ KETI Mobius
- ➔ Sejong U tinyIoT
- ➔ Eclipse OM2M

## Application and Community Support

- ➔ ATIS Open Source - IoT library
- ➔ Arduino oneM2M connectivity libraries on GitHub
- ➔ Jupyter Notebooks
- ➔ Tutorials & Articles
- ➔ Hackster.io Projects
- ➔ ...

## Specification Tools and more

- ➔ Data Modelling Language
- ➔ Specification Converters:  
.docx → .md  
.md → \*
- ➔ Architecture Icons
- ➔ ...

# And what is the use of a book without pictures or conversation?

## Examples



# Jupyter Notebooks: Learn oneM2M in an evening

oneM2M - Basic Resources and Requests

This notebook shows the basic interactions with a CSE using REST calls. Examples include:

- Create an <AE> resource
- Create a <container> resource
- Create one or more <contentInstance> resources
- Retrieve the latest <contentInstance> resource
- Update the <container> resource
- Retrieve the <container> resource
- Delete the <container> resource

### Initialization

The section does import necessary modules and configurations, and prepares the CSE for this notebook.

```
[ ]: %run src/init.py basic
```

### Register an <AE> Resource

This example creates a new <AE> resource in the CSE. <AE>'s represent applications or services.

**oneM2M**  
Creating this (and other) resource is done using an http POST request. The request target is the <CSEBase> resource. All create requests target a parent resource.

When registering a new <AE> resource it will be the entity on which behalf further requests can be made. The ID to identify this <AE> is provided by the CSE in the *App-ID* attribute. Normally, this ID is assigned by the

```
graph TD; Notebook[Notebook AE] -- "CREATE <AE> cse-in" --> CSE[CSE]; CSE -- "Response" --> Notebook;
```

Simple 0 3 Python 3 (ipykernel) | Idle Mem: 258.45 / 4096.00 MB Mode: Command Ln 1, Col 1 02-basic-resources.ipynb 0



# oneM2M Recipes: A Cookbook for oneM2M

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the 'oneM2M Recipes' website. The page title is 'What are oneM2M Requests?'. The main content area includes a navigation menu with 'introduction' and 'requests' tabs, a search bar, and a table of contents. The article text describes the RESTful approach of oneM2M, the use of protocol bindings, and the basic request and response procedures. A diagram illustrates the interaction between an Originator and a Receiver, showing a 'Request' message and a 'Handle Request' process on the Receiver's side.

**Introduction**  
An Introduction to oneM2M's Architecture  
An Introduction to oneM2M's resources  
An Introduction to oneM2M's messages  
**oneM2M Request/Response**  
oneM2M Notifications  
An Introduction to oneM2M Entities  
Common Service Entity (CSE)  
Application Entity (AE)  
An Introduction to oneM2M's Access Control Mechanisms  
Container and Instances  
FlexContainers

**introduction requests**

## What are oneM2M Requests?

This article provides an overview of the oneM2M requests and how they are used to interact with a oneM2M system.

### oneM2M Request and Response Procedures

oneM2M follows a RESTful approach for its request and response procedures. This means that for every request that is sent from an *originator* to a *receiver*, the *receiver* must send a response back to the *originator* with the result of the request processing. The response is sent back to the *originator* using the same protocol that was used for the request.

Sending of requests and receiving of responses via the *Mca or Mcc reference points* is done by *protocol bindings* that implement the technical transport protocols between *originators* and *receivers*. This could be, for example, **HTTP**, CoAP, MQTT, or WebSockets.

The following figure shows the basic request and response procedures in oneM2M.

```
sequenceDiagram
    participant Originator
    participant Receiver
    Originator->>Receiver: Request
    Note over Receiver: Handle Request
```





# oneM2M Specifications: Ongoing Work

oneM2M TS-0002 v5.3.0

Search

TS-0002 Git Repository

oneM2M TS-0002

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- 4 Conventions
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- 6 Functional Requirements ▾
  - 6.1 Overall System Requirements
  - 6.2 Management Requirements
  - 6.3 Semantics Requirements
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- 7 Non-Functional Requirements (informative)
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## oneM2M TS-0002

oneM2M Technical Specification	oneM2M Technical Specification
Document Number	TS-0002-V5.3.0
Document Name:	Requirements
Date:	2024-06-27
Abstract:	The present document contains an informative functional role model and normative technical requirements for oneM2M.

This Specification is provided for future development work within oneM2M only. The Partners accept no liability for any use of this Specification.

The present document has not been subject to any approval process by the oneM2M Partners Type 1. Published oneM2M specifications and reports for implementation should be obtained via the oneM2M Partners' Publications Offices.

### About oneM2M

The purpose and goal of oneM2M is to develop technical specifications which address the need for a common M2M Service Layer that can be readily embedded within various hardware and software, and relied upon to connect the myriad of devices in the field with M2M application servers worldwide.

More information about oneM2M may be found at: <http://www.oneM2M.org>



# ACME CSE: An OSS oneM2M Implementation

The screenshot displays the ACME CSE web interface. The top navigation bar includes [ACME], IN-CSE : /id-in, and the date 2024-11-04T13:29:07 UTC. The main content area is divided into a left sidebar and a right main panel. The sidebar shows a tree view of resources under 'cse-in', with 'CDemoLightswitch' selected. The main panel shows the configuration for 'CDemoLightswitch (ApplicationEntity)' with the following JSON structure:

```
{
  "m2m:ae": {
    "aei": "CDemoLightswitch", // ApplicationEntity resource type
    "api": "NdemoLightswitch", // AE-ID
    "ct": "20241101T142724,709901", // App-ID
    "et": "20291031T142724,717082", // creationTime
    "lt": "20241101T142724,709901", // expirationTime
    "pi": "id-in", // lastModifiedTime
    "ri": "CDemoLightswitch", // parentID
    "rn": "CDemoLightswitch", // resourceID
    "rr": true, // resourceName
    "srv": [ // requestReachability
      "4", // supportedReleaseVersions
    ],
    "ty": 2 // resourceType: ApplicationEntity
  }
}
```

At the bottom of the interface, there are controls for 'Refresh', 'Console', and 'Quit ACME'.



# It's a poor sort of memory that only works backwards

**Experiences and Recommendations**



## **Choose open and friendly licenses to allow for reuse, modification, and contributions**

- ➔ For code
- ➔ For tutorials, extra documentation and presentations, and art-ware

## **Eat you own dog food**

- ➔ Make use of (your own) Open Source tools in standards development

## **Plan for the future of your Open Source projects**

- ➔ Plan for resources to maintain and further develop the projects
- ➔ Set up a “Software Development Group” to give guidance and long-term support to the projects and the community
- ➔ Support relevant third-party projects

**Begin at the beginning, and  
go on till you come to the  
end: then stop**

**Thank You!**

